भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, गोआ, दमन एवं दय्

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 18 (1) (क) उद्देश्य-खंडों में परिवर्तन की पुष्टि हेतु विशेष विनिश्चय के पंजीकरण का प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : U67190GA1993PLC001327

मैसर्स PHOENIX TOWNSHIP LIMITED

के अंशधारकों ने दिनांक 05/09/2011 को आयोजित की गई वार्षिक / असाधारण बैठक में एक विशेष विनिश्चय पारित करके कम्पनी अधिनियम,1956 (1956 का 1) की धारा 18 (1) का अनुपालन करते हुए अपने संगम–ज्ञापन के प्रावधानों में परिवर्तन कर लिया है।

में, एतदद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि उक्त विशेष विनिश्चय की प्रतिलिपि, यथा परिवर्तित संगम-ज्ञापन के साथ, आज पंजीकृत कर ली गई है।

गोआ में यह प्रमाण-पत्र, आज दिनांक सत्ताईस सितम्बर दो हजार ग्यारह को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS Registrar of Companies, Goa, Daman and Diu

SECTION 18(1)(A) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956 Certificate of Registration of the Special Resolution Confirming Alteration of Object Clause(s)

Corporate Identity Number : U67190GA1993PLC001327

The share holders of M/s PHOENIX TOWNSHIP LIMITED having passed Special Resolution in the Annual/Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 05/09/2011 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and complied with the Section (18)(1) of the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956).

I hereby certify that the said Special Resolution together with the copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

Given at Goa this Twenty Seventh day of September Two Thousand Eleven.



Registrar of Companies, Goa, Daman and Diu

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार , गोआ, दमन एवं दयू

*Note: The corresponding form has been approved by SANJAY KUMAR GUPTA, Registrar of Companies and this certificate has been digitally signed by the Registrar through a system generated digital signature under rule 5(2) of the Companies (Electronic Filing and Authentication of Documents) Rules, 2006.

The digitally signed certificate can be verified at the Ministry website (www.mca.gov.in).

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता : Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office: PHOENIX TOWNSHIP LIMITED DURGA BHAVAN, HEDE CENTRE, TONCA PANAJI, GOA - 403001, Goa, INDIA



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कारबार प्रारम्भ करने के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र Certificate for Commencement of Business

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कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की घारा 149 (3) के अनुसरणमें Pursuant of Section 149 (3) of the Companies Act. 1956 No. 24-01327	
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FOR PROENIX TOWNSHI

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

PHOENIX TOWNSHIP LIMITED

I the Name of the Company is PHOENIX TOWNSHIP LIMITED

II The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the State of Goa

III The Main Objects for which the Company is established are

(A) THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:

- 1 To carry on the business of Estate Developers, Land Developers, Builders, Civil Contractors, buying, selling, leasing or otherwise dealing in properties, residential and commercial premises, community centres and to act as engineers, real estate agents, designers, building experts, advisors, manufacturers and dealers in building materials of all typers and also to act as consultants on all matters of architecture, structural, engineering, interior designing and graphic and to prepare complete scheme, drawings, plans, estimates including layouts of building, township and other civil work.
- 2 To acquire by concession, grant, purchase, lease, licence, or otherwise any land in India or elsewhere, together with such rights as may be agreed upon and granted by Government or owners thereof and to spend such sums of money as may be deemed requisite and advisable in the exploration, survey and development thereof, and to buy, purchase, sell, lease, take on lease, exchange or otherwise acquire land, buildings and hereditaments or Any tenure of description in India or elsewhere either for investment or re-sale or for trafficking in account as may deem expedient and construct, alter, improve, decorate, develop furnish and maintain offices, fiats, houses, factories, warehouses, godowns shops, buildings another structures, works and conveniences of all kinds of any of the lands immovable properties or acquire by the company and to lease, sell, deal or otherwise dispose of the same
- 3 To establish, build, erect, hold, promote, operate, administer, manage, furnish chamber, apartment house, cottages, houses, Hotels rooms, Restaurant, suits, chalets, caravans, offices, concert halls, water sports, fairs, premises, side shows, fashions show, boutiques, parking facility, convention halls, public parks, entertainment parks, fashions centers' handi-crafts, objects of rarts and connected facilities and to provide for by way of contract, license, rent, hire purchase, sell, exchange time sharing basis, or otherwise the same and to permit the members of the company or other persons the use of such facilities on payment.

**4. To underwrite, invest and acquire by gift, right or otherwise and to hold, sell, buy or otherwise deal in shares, debentures, debentures-stocks, bonds, notes, saving certificates, mutual funds, unites, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by Indian or Foreign Government, Company, Corporation, Firm or person whether incorporated or established in India or elsewhere and to provide finance, venture capital, seed capital, loan capital, to give guarantee and to act as Financial/Management Consultants, Capital Issue House, Issue Managers, Registrars, Brokers, Dealers, Agents and to carry on the business of share broking, exchange broking, bill broking and general brokers for all types of securities, commodities and currencies and to manage the funds of any person or company by investment in various avenues like Growth Funds, Income Funds, Risk Funds, Tax Exempt Funds, Pension/ Superannuation Funds and to pass on the benefit of portfolio investments to the investors as dividends, bonus, interest, etc., and to provide a complete range of corporate/personal financial services in various fields and to promote industrial finance and to carry on and undertake the business of finance, investment and trading, hire purchase, leasing and to finance lease operations of all kinds, purchasing, selling, hiring, or letting on hire all kind of plant, machinery and equipment and to assist in financing of all the every kind of description of hire-purchase or deferred payment or similar transaction and to subsidies, finance or assist in subsiding or financing the sale and maintenance of any goods, articles, or commodities of all and every kind and description, upon any terms whatsoever and to purchase or otherwise deal in all forms of moveable property including plant and machinery, equipment, ships aircrafts, automobiles, computers and all consumer, commercial and industrial items and to lease or otherwise deal with them in any manner whatsoever including resale thereof regardless of whether the property purchased and leased be new and/ or used.

**5. To provide and to deal in all kinds of financial documents like commercial paper, bill of exchange, hundis, I. O. U.'s, Promissory Notes, and other negotiable instruments including Bill discounting and to act as money changers, brokers, buyers and sellers of all foreign currencie s subject to Reserve Bank of India approval, to take positions and trade on the movements of foreign currencies on behalf of the customers or otherwise, to hold, operate and transact in foreign currency by maintaining foreign currency bank account or otherwise and to issue or act as agent for travelers cheques, credit cards and all instruments in any currency, subject to all rules, regulations and approvals as may be necessary.

**6. To undertake the business of importers, exporters and merchandising of all kinds of goods and articles and to aid financially for purchase or for carrying on the business of proprietors and hirers of motor and other vehicles, including taxi, caterer of clubs, baths, dressing rooms, laundries, reading, writing, newspaper and smoking rooms, libraries, places of amusements, recreation sports, entertainment and instruments of all kinds, departmental stores, agents for railway, shipping and airplane companies and carriers, theatrical and opera box office proprietors, insurance agents and any other business which can be conveniently carried on in connection therewith.

**Inserted new clauses 4, 5 and 6 in the Main Object clause vide Special Resolution passed by members at their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on September 5, 2011



(B) OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS.

- To establish companies and associations for the persecution or execution of undertaking works, projects or enterprises of any description, whether of a private or a public character and, to apply for and become members of any Company, association, society or body corporate having any objects similar to or identical with those of the Company, or likely directly or indirectly to promote the interest of the Company.
- C-5. To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, debenture obligations and other securities of any Company or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise or any person whomsoever, whether incorporated or not incorporated.
- 9 ~6. To borrow, receive moneys on deposit, loan or otherwise either secured or otherwise, by mortgage, charge, hypothecation of the property, assets of the Company including its uncalled capital and to place moneys on deposit, loan or otherwise from or with any person, firm or body corporate upon such terms as the Company may approve subject to Section 58-A of the Companies Act, 1956 and Rules framed thereunder and the Reserve Bank of India directives as applicable from time to time.
- To encourage, promote and reward studies, researches, investigations of any kind and to conduct schools, training centres, examinations lectures, symposiums and debates as may be considered likely to assist any of the business which the Company is authorised to carry on.

8. To select the right type of administrative and technical personnel and to advise on all problems arising out of employment and non-employment or increasing the efficiency of labour, increasing productivity and an economy in labour costs.

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- To manage or help in managing any new project and/or existing project of any Company, corporation, body corporate in which the Company has interest to advise any Company, corporation, body corporate, industries, firms, associations or any person with regard to its or their financial and/or industrial and/or economic planning and/or working including capital structures, sources of long term finance, sources of short term capital.
 - .40. To give and/or procure services of expert engineers for plant maintenance, repairs, alterations and additions to plant including the services of Engineering Department.
- 1. To collect, compile and publish statistics useful to any industry and/or business in regard to import, export, installed plant capacity and to conduct market research with a view to survey prospects for any proposed venture.
- 5.12. To enter into and/or procure any arrangement with person, firm or company in/or outside India for obtaining or supply of technical know-how and/or technical services within India or outside India including the benefit of technical research, training of technical personnel abroad, selection and purchase of plant and negotiating the terms for payment and specifications for the plant and lay-out of the plant and all other services.
- 5. 13. To let on lease or hire-purchase system land or otherwise dispose of any property belonging to the Company, and to finance purchase of any article or articles, whether made by the Company or not, by way of loans or by the purchase of any such article or articles and the letting thereof on the hire purchase system or otherwise, howsoeve.
- 7 ¹⁴. To sell, mortgage, exchange, lease, grant licences, easements and other rights over, improve, manage, develop and turn to account and in any other manner deal with or dispose of the undertaking, investment, property assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as may be thought fit, including any stocks, shares or securities of any other company, whether partly or fully paid up.
 - 15. To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake the whole or any part of, or any interest in the business goodwill, property, contracts, agreements, rights, privileges, effects/and liabilities, of any other company, corporation, partnership, body corporate or persons carrying on, or having ceased to carry on, any

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business which the company is authorised to carry on or possessing property suitable for the purposes of the Company and, upon such terms and subject to such terms and subject to such stipulations and conditions and or for such price or consideration in money, shares, money's worth, or otherwise as may be deemed advisable.

To amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any agreement <u>S</u> 26. for sharing profits or losses, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure or reciprocal concession, or subject to MRTP Act for limiting competition with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or which the Company is authorised to carry on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to give or accept by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or recurities so received.

 $\mathcal{P}\mathcal{A}$. To enter into any agreement with any Government or authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them; and to obtain from any such Government or authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the Company may think desirable to obtain; and to carry out, execute and comply with any such arrangements and the terms and conditions upon which any such rights, privileges and concessions have been obtained.

78. To apply for and promote and act of any legislature, or order or other legislative or legal sanction either in India or any where else in the world; and to take all necessary and proper steps in Parliament or with the authorities, national, local, municipal or otherwise, or any place in which the Company may have interests; and to carry on any negotiations or operations for enabling the Company to carry and of its objects into effect and for effecting any modification of the company's constitution or for any purposes deemed beneficial to the Company or likely directly or indirectly to promote the interests of the Company or its members; and to oppose any steps taken by any authority, company, firm or person which may be considered likely directly or indirectly, to prejudice the interests of the Company or its members.

To apply, purchase, or otherwise acquire, and protect and renew in any part of the world any patents, patent rights, brevent d'invention, trade-marks, designs, formulas, copyrights, licences, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to their use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licences in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information so acquired, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing or improving any such patents, inventions or rights.

To sell any patents, rights or privileges belonging to the Company or which may be acquired by it, or any interest in the same, and to grant licences for the use and practice of the same or any of them, and to let or allow to be used or otherwise deal with any inventions, patents, or privileges in which the Company may be interested and to do all such acts and things as may be deemed expedient for turning to account any inventions, patents and privileges in which the Company may be interested.

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21. Subject to the provisions of Section 293A of the Companies Act 1956, to make donations to any person company or association and to subscribe or guarantee money for any national, international, charitable, benevolent, educational, public objects, activity, exhibition or trade show, for any purpose whatsoever which may be or appear to be conducive directly or indirectly to the furtherance of the objects of the Company or the interests of its members.

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To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts, private or public, vested, discretionary or of any other kind and convenience for the benefit of the employees or ex-employees, shareholders, ex-shareholders, directors, ex-directors of the Company or that predecessors in business or for persons having dealings with the Company or the dependants, relatives or connections of such persons and in particular friendly or other benefit societies and to grant pensions, allowances, gratuities and bonuses either by way of annual payments or a lumpsum and to make payments towards insurance and to form and contribute to provident and benefit fund for such persons.

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. To provide for the welfare of shareholders, ex-shareholder, directors and ex-directors and employees or ex-employees of the Company and the wives, widows and families or the dependants or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings of chawls or by grants or money, pension, allowance, bonus or other payment or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other funds or trusts, and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of recreations, hospitals, dispensaries and other attendance as the Company shall think fit, and to subscribe, contribute or

otherwise assist or grant money to charitable (whether private or public), discretionary (vested or specific), benevolent religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects, which shall have any moral or other claim to support by the Company, either by reasons of locality of operation or by virtue of general public utility or otherwise.

To refer or agree to refer any claims, demands, dispute, or a question by or against the Company, or in which the Company is interested or concerned, and whether between the Company and the members of his or their representative or between the Company and third parties, to arbitrate in India or at any place outside India, and to observe and perform awards made thereon and to do all acts, deeds, matters and things necessary or expedient to carry out or enforce the awards.

25. To pay out of the funds of the Company all expenses which the Company may lawfully pay with respect to the promotion, formation and registration of the Company or the issue of its capital including brokerage and commission for obtaining applications for or taking, placing or underwriting or procuring the underwriting of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company.

- 26. To pay all expenses of and incidental to or connected with the formation and registration for the Company and carrying any of its objects into effect, and to make all proper payments and allowances in relation thereto, and adopt all acts and preliminary arrangements (including the execution of preliminary agreements) in reference to the same.
- 2^{12} To pay for any rights or property acquired by the Company, to remunerate any person or Company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing of or assisting to place or guaranting the placing of shares in the Company's capital or any debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition of property by the Company or the conduct of its business or otherwise for any of the purposes of the Company, whether by cash payment or by the allotment of shares, debentures, or other securities of the Company, credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise.

To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debenture and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company for the time being. 157,80.

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To vest any moveable or immovable property, rights or interest acquired or belonging to the Company in any person or company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.



To carry on business as financer, generally and in particular as financers of industry, commerce and agriculture and concessionaires and to undertake, and carry on and execute all kind of financial commercial and other operations which may be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects, or calculated directly or indirectly, to enhance the value of realisation of, or render profitable any of the company's property or rights.

Subject to the provisions of Section 205 of the Companies Act, 1956 to distribute among the members either at the time of redemption or reduction of capital or otherwise in specie any property of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the Company so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made except with the sanction if any, for the time being required by law.

To insure the whole or any part of the property of the Company either fully or partially to protect and indemnify the Company from liability or loss in any respect either fully or partially and also to insure, and to protect and indemnify and part or portion thereof either on mutual principle or otherwise.



To carry out in any part of the world all or any part of the company's objects as principals, agents, factor, trustee, contractors or otherwise and by or through trustees or agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with any other person, firm, associations, corporate body, municipality, province, state, body politic or government or colony dependent thereof.

To establish branches or agencies, whether by means of local boards or otherwise, anywhere in India or elsewhere at any place or places throughout the World, for the purpose of enabling the Company to carry on its business more efficiently and to discontinue and reconstitute any such branches or agencies.



To procure the incorporation, registration, or other recognition of the Company, in any foreign state or place, and to make all deposits of money or securities, and do all things necessary for compliance with the laws or regulations of India or of any foreign, colonial, municipal or other Government, in places where the Company may be desirous of transacting its business.



To do what is necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purpose or the attainment of any of the objects or the furtherance of any of the power, herein before set forth, either alone or in association with other corporate bodies, firms, incidental or appurtenant to or growing out of or connected with the aforesaid business or

power or any parts thereof, provided the same be not inconsistent with the laws of the Union of India.

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H 37A. To borrow, receive moneys on deposit subject to section 58A of the Companies Act, 1956, loan or otherwise either secured or otherwise, to give guarantee or provide collateral security to third party by way of mortgage, charge, hypothecation of the property, assets of the Company, to secure or undertake in any way the re-payment of money lend or advanced by any bank or financial institutions or any other lender to any person or company.

(C) OTHER OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY NOT INCLUDED IN (A) AND (B) ABOVE.

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25. To carry on the business of investment and for that purpose to acquire and hold either in the name of the Company or in that of any nominee shares, stocks, debentures, debenturestock, bonds notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioner, public body or authority, supreme, deponent, municipal, local or otherwise in any part of the World.

9. To acquire buy sell, deal in any shares, stocks, debentures debenture-stock, bonds, notes, obligations or securities by original subscriptions, contracts, tenders, purchases, exchanges, undertaking, participation in syndicates or otherwise, and whether or not fully paid, and to subscribe for the same subject to such terms and conditions as may be thought fit.

To carry on business as of shipway for and other marine vessels.

AT. To buy, sell, manufacture, and deal in mineral plants, machinery, implements, convenience, provisions, and things capable of being used in connection with metallurgical operations or required by workmen and others employed by the Company.

AZ. To carry on business as importers, exporters, buyers, and sellers of and merchants and dealers in, and manufacturers of, merchandise, goods, materials and machinery of all kinds, spare parts, accessories and equipment.

45. To act as stockist, distributors, commission agents, manufacturers, representatives or agents, selling and purchasing agents, distributors, brokers, trustees, attorneys and managers, administrators, registrars and transfer agents for any other Company, firm, corporation or persons.

To buy, sell, import, and export, manufacture, fabricate, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in plant, machinery, implements, tools, instruments, accessories and equipment of whatsoever description and material, and rolling stock, locomotives, wagons carriages boilers, turbines, engines, ball and roller bearings, telephone apparatus dynamos, motor lamps, motors, batteries, pump, accumulators, transformers, compressors, cylinders, laboratory equipment and other apparatus and other metal goods and generally as machinists, refiners, spinners, turners, polishers, metal workers, decasters and sinkers, oxidisers, bhonsers anamellers, galvanisers, japanners, annealers, platers and painters.

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To carry on the business of architects, designers, draughtsmen, surveyors, valuers, consultants, experts in consultancy services, consulting engineers, mechanical engineers, marine engineers, electrical engineers, oil/fuel engineers, mining and metallurgical engineers and engineering of every type and description including the business of builders and contractors.

To carry on the business of manufacturing, acquiring, selling, distributing or otherwise dealing in plastics, plasticides, p. v. c. resins, articles treated by resin or resin resolutions, cellulose and celluloid substances, synthetic products and substances and their products and compounds of any description and kind.

To manufacture, buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate prepare for market and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, receptacles, substances, materials, articles and things necessary or convenient for carrying any of the business of process of the Company or usually dealt in by person engaged in the like business or process.



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To buy, sell, manufacture, refine, manipulate, import, export, and deal in substance apparatus and things capable of being used in any business of the Company or required by any customers or persons having dealing with the Company.

To establish, provide, maintain and conduct or otherwise subsidise research laboratories, experimental stations, workshops, and libraries for scientific, industrial and technical research surveys, investigations and inventions, both scientific, and technical by providing, subsiding endowing or assisting laboratories, colleges, holding lectures, meetings, exhibitions, and conferences and by providing for the remuneration to scientific and technical professors or teachers and by award of scholarships, grants, and prizes to students, research workers and inventors or otherwise, and generally to encourage, promote and reward studies, investigations, experiments, tests and inventions of any kind that may be a consideration which the Company is carrying on or authorised to carry on.



To carry on either in connection with the aforesaid business or as distinct and separate business the trades or business of:

a) General metal founders, casters, spinners, rollers, and workers in metals and their alloys including aluminium and sodium and their alloys, and metallic combination of all kinds.

- b) Electric, civil and/or mechanical engineers.
- c) metal and mineral merchants
- d) carriers, merchants and constructors
- e) iron masters, steel converts, colliery and mine proprietors, coke manufacturers, refiners, tinplate makers, iron founders, fabricators and erectors in all their respective branches.
- boilers makers, milrights, machinists and smiths in all their respective branches.
- g) Distillers
- Glass and ceramic in all their different branches.
- i) manufacturers of machinery, tool makers, brass founders, metal workers, wood-workers, and to buy sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let on hire and deal in machinery, implements, rolling stock and hardware of all kinds.
- j) Metallurgists and chemists
- Manufacturing and dealing in all kinds of industrial and other preparation and articles and compounds.

- Dye-making, paints, including oil paints, pigments and varnishes.
- m) Electrical, photographical and scientific apparatuses and materials.
- n) Electric power, light and supply company in all its branches in accordance with the law in force for the time being and in particular to construct, lay down, establish, fix and carry out all necessary power stations, cables, wires, lines, accumulator, lamps and works and to generate acquire by purchase in bulk, accumulate, distribute and supply by sales, exchange or otherwise electricity and to light cities, towns streets and buildings and places, both public and private.
- Electricians, mechanical engineers, suppliers of electricity for the purpose of light, heat motive power or otherwise and manufacture of and dealers in all kinds of electrical machinery apparatus and things required

for or capable of being used in connection with the generation, distribution, supply, accumulation and emplyent of electricity, galvanism, magnetism or otherwise.

- p) Quarry master and stone merchants and to buy, sell, get, work, shape, hew, carve, polish, crush, and prepare for market or use stone of all kinds.
- q) Roads and pavement mailers and repairers and manufacturers and dealers in lime, cement, mortar concrete, and building materials of all kinds and as builders and contractors for the execution of works and buildings, of all kinds in the construction of which stone is required.
- 5.5. To carry on the business of agricultural farming, experimenting in promoting and encouraging to manufacture the products of various types of agricultural and allied products, live stock breeding, poultry and Dairy farming, allied Dairy products, manufacturing & professing of Milk and Milk products.
 - 52. To cultivate, grow, produce, manufacture, process of milk and dairy product, or deal in any dairy products and to carry on the business of farmers dairymen, contractors, dairy farmers, millers, purveyors and vendors of milk, cream, cheese, butter, poultry provisions, of all kinds, growers of and dealers in corn, hay and straw, seeds men and nurserymen, and to buy, sell and trade in any goods usually traded in any of the above business or any other business associated with the farming interest which may be advantageously carried on by the Company.
 - 7 65. To purchase, sell, import, export, produce or otherwise deal in preserved vegetable, tinned fruits and all types of food products, farm products, foodgrains, develop and exploit farms, horticulture, agricultural, animal husbandory, dairy, poultry and allied farming lines which can be conveniently carried on in farming business of or to assist anyone in this business and to carry on the business of farming and aerial spraying and to treat, cure submit to any process of manufacturer and prepare for the market whether on account of the Company or other agricultural products of all kinds or things whatsoever and to deal in the dairy, piggery, farm and garden products of all kinds.
 - 50-54. To carry on the business of manufacture, buying ,selling, importing, exporting or otherwise dealing in all branches of electronics and particulars colour T.V., T.V. Picture Tubes, TV Chasis, Computer, VCR, & VCP, Electronics Toys Floppy Disk, Solar Cell, Solar Energy Ferrite Magnet, Microwave Oven, Computer Ribbons, Home/Personal Computers and

Computers peripherals, electronic calculators, and electronics TV turner, Electrolytic capacitors, Deflection Computer, consumer electronics communication Broadcasting and massmedia equipments, Aerospace and Defence equipments computer control and instrumentation, Electronic components, Software, Electronic Thermometers, Stethoscope, Solid Pressure Apparatus, hearing aids, Electronic Sphygmomanometers, Carbon film resistor and all other electronic and high technology products of all kinds.

To carry on the business of hotel, restaurant, flight kitchen, caterers, taverns, beer houses, refreshment rooms and lodging houses, theatre agents box-office keepers, concert room proprietors, dramatic and musical publishers and printers, licence victuallers, wine beer and spirit merchants brewers, masters, distillers and manufacturers of aerated, mineral and artofocoa; water and other drinks, surveyors caterers for public amusement generally coach, cab, carriage and motor repairers, garage owners and proprietors, jonmasters, farmers, dairymen poulterers or ice merchants, importers and brokers of food, live and dead stock and colonial and foreign product of all description hair dressers, perfumes chemists, proprietors of clubs, baths, dressing rooms, libraries, grounds and tobacco and cigar merchants, agents for railway and shipping companies and carriers, theatre and opera box-office proprietors, enterprises and general agents.

To establish, maintain and operate Road, River and Sea -66. Transport services and all ancillary services both of passengers and goods and for this purpose to purchase, take in exchange, charter, hire, build, construct or otherwise acquire and to own motor vehicles, ships, boats, travllers and other vehicles with all necessary and convenient equipment and to manage, establish, hire, taken on lease motor garage, repairing workshop, servicing stations and repairs of sundry goods connected with the trade and to provide all sort of transport, lodging, boarding facilities including reservation of seats, berths, coaches, saloon cars, lorries, aeroplanes, steamers, launches and other charters of travelling and also to carry on business as Tourist Agents of all kind of travelling and transport media and to facilitate travelling and to provide for tourists, travellers and general public conveniences of all kinds in particular to arrange ticket hotel boarding and/or lodging and accommodation.

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6) .57. To execute, carry out, equip, improve, alter, develop decorate, maintain, furnish, administer, manage or control public and private works and convenience of all kinds including railways, ropeways, roads, bridges, tramways, docks, harbours, piers, wharves, canals, reservoirs, embankments, tanks, aqueducts, marine-works, powerhouses, irrigation, reclamations improvements, sewage, drainage, sanitary, water waste, gas, electric lights, telephonic and power supply works. 62

To produce, manufacture, refine, treat, process, prepare, import, export, purchase, sell and generally deal in all kinds of tiles, ceramic ware, glass and insulators, asphalt, asbestos and asbestos products, cement and cement products, gypum, building materials, plastic ware, polymerits, polymerits, vinyl, vinyl asbestos and solid vinyl wave, adhesive, vinylcover base, fire bricks, fire clayfire, cement, terracotta, block lime limestone, fibre glassware, refractories, hospitals ware, including in particular but not limiting the generality of the forgoing, wall tiles, roofing tiles, porcelain tiles, plastic and other synthetic tiles, earthenware tiles, vitreous sintered mosaic tiles, clinker tiles, refractory tiles, paving tiles, gresticles, sanitaryware, crockery, pottery, tableware, hotelware, decorativeware, gardenware earthenware, pressedware, porcelainware, bathroom accessories and to provide, equip and maintain plants, laboratories, test house, factories and all other appliances and conveniences, required for the manufacture, examination, storage, sale and purchase of products and to manufacture, and to manufacture, refine, treat, cure or subject to any process, prepare, import, export, purchase, sell, treat, and generally deal in any other products which may come out as by-products or which may be essential for fitting or fixing the above products or fitting for any of the above products or by-products or in anyway be similar to the products.



To carry on the business of travel Agent, Air, Rail, Road, Booking.



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To acquire, get up, run schools, colleges and professional institutions.

T. To carry on the business as manufacturers, and/or dealers, and workers in timber, hardware, steel, iron, metal, terracotte, cement of any kind, limebricks, marbles, tiles, pipes sanitary and household fittings, plant materials (including packing material) and requisites and fittings and furniture of every description.

6 -62. To carry on the manufacturing, trading, importing exporting of all raw materials, components, packaging and other materials required for carrying out any of the aforesaid objects of the Company.

65. To undertake, promote and co-ordinate project studies, arrange collaboration to extend technical assistance and services, prepare schemes, project reports, market research, and studies to arrange to technical, financial agreements and arrangements to provide management, personal supervise and set up production techniques assist in finding markets for manufactured goods of Indian and foreign origin, secure sound investments of foreign capital in Indian undertakings and enterprises and to act as agents or render assistance to any

person, firm Company, association embassy or government in the above fields.

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6855 To undertake, carry out, lay out, promote, sponsor or assist in any activity, project for rural development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of or the uplift of the people in any rural area irrespective whether the Company has any business dealings in such areas or not and to incur any expenditure or use any of the assets and facilities of the Company on any programme or project or activity of rural development and to assist execution and promotion thereof either directly or in association with may other Company or person or organisation or through an independent agency or in any manner as the Board of Directors may deem fir. Board of Directors may at their discreption in order to implement any of the projects or programmes or activities of rural development transfer without consideration or a such fair or confessional value and divest the ownership of the property of the Company to or in favour of any public or local body, authority Central or State Government or any public institution or trust or fund as the Directors may approve.

6 165. To undertake, carry out, lay out, promote, or assist in any activity or project either directly or in association with any other company, or person or organisation or through an independent agency as the Board of Directors may approve and which the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company is likely:

- to promote national welfare or social, economic or moral uplift of the society, people or any section of the society and:
- II) to promote and improve national economy and for discharging what the Directors may consider to be social and moral responsibilities of the Company to the public or society or any section thereof, in such a manner and by such means as the Directors think fit. The Directors may at their discretion in order to implement any of the purpose of objects as stated herein, transfer without consideration or at such fair or confessional value and divest the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any public or local body or authority, or Central or State Government or any public institution or trust or fund as the directors may approve.

Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, Board of Directors may at their discretion, undertake, carry out, promote, sponsor or assist any activity for publication of any books, literature, newspapers, etc. or for organising lectures or seminars which is likely to advance these objects for giving merit awards, scholarships, loans or any other assistance to deserving students or other scholars or persons to enable them to undertake and prosecute their studies or academic pursuits or researches and for establishing, conducting or assisting any institution, fund, trust, etc. having any one or more of the aforesaid objects as its object or objects.

AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED THAT:

- (i) The objects incidental or ancillary to the attainment of the main objects of the Company aforesaid shall also be incidental or ancillary to the attainment of the other objects of the Company herein mentioned.
- (ii) Nothing in this paragraph shall authorise the Company to do any business which may fall within the purview of the Banking Regulations Act, 1949 or the Insurance Act, 1938.
- (IV) The Liability of the Members is limited.
- (V) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 20,00,00,000/-(Rupees Twenty Crores Only) divided into 2,00,00,000 (Two Crores) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each with the rights, privileges or conditions as are provided by the Articles of Association of the Company for the time being. But the Company shall have power to increase or reduce its Capital for the time being into several classes, and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be permissible by law and as be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company for the time being in force.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed below are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively, agree to take the number of shares in the capital of Company set opposite to our respective names.

Name, Address, Occupation & Description of Subscribers	No. of equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature of Subscriber	Signature of Witness his name, address, description and Occupation
Mr. Rajaram H. Hede S/o Mr. Hari Govinda Hede La Marvel, Dona Paula, Panaji Goa. Industrialist.	10 (Ten Equity Shares)	Sd/-	
Mr. Mahadev M. Sar Desai S/o Mr. Malbarao V. G. Keny's House Service.	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	ę
Mr. Shymsundar S. Thanekar S/o Mr. Santy A. Thanekar Volant, Betim, Goa. Service	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	to all :- / . mkar Parab bera, Panaji, G Secretary
Mr. Vernon R. Coutinho S/o Mr. Xavier R. S. Coutinho Kashinath Apartments, Khorlim, Mapusa, Goa Service	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	Witness to all :- Sd / - Mr. Vijsy Shankar Parab Sto Mr. Shankar Bapu Parab Sto Mr. Shankar Bapu Parab S, Shabana Chambers, Panaji, G Company Secretary
Mr. Suhas B. Kesarkar S/o Mr. Bhanudas V. Kesarkar Piedade-e-Goa, Divadi, Goa. Service	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	T/2,
D r. Prafulla R. Hede S/o Mr. Rajaram H. Hede La Marvel, Dona Paula, Panaji, Goa. Industrialist.	10 (Ten Equity Shares)	Sd/-	
Mr. Malpa M. Nagvenkar S⁄o Mr. Mangueah M. Nagvenkar Pequeno Morod, Saligao, Goa Service.	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sđ/-	
TOTAL	45 (Forty Five Equity Shares)		

Date : 8th February, 1993 Place : Panaji, Goa

PRAFUL	Digitally signed by PRAFULLA RAJARAM HEDE
LA	DN: cn=PIRAFULLA RAJARAM HEDE, c=IN, I=MUMBAI, st=MAHARASHTRA, o=Personal, cu=Personal.
RAJARA	emal-shiparay&associates@gma i.com, serialNumber+040AA1E10056303
M HEDE	91920C4616850D0C166D715EB 5340543EAAEBFE64E06D05F6 Date: 2011.09.17 18:57:45 +05'30'

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

(1 OF 1956)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

PHOENIX TOWNSHIP LIMITED

Preliminary

Table A not to apply but Company to be governed by these Articles	1.	No regulations contained in Table 'A' in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 1956, shall apply to this Company, but the regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the Members thereof and their representatives, shall subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the repeal or alteration of, or additional to, its regulation by Special Resolution, as prescribed by the Companies Act,1956, be such as are contained in these Articles.
Interpretation		
:	2.	In the interpretation of these Articles, unless repugnant to the subject or context: -
The Company or this Company		The "Company" or this "Company" means Phoenix Township Limited"
The Act		The "Act" means the "Companies Act, 1956" or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
Annual General Meeting		"Annual General Meeting" means a general meeting of the Members held in accordance with the provisions of Section 166 of the Act and any adjourned holding thereof.
Auditors		"Auditors" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being by the Company at its General Meeting.
Board or Board of Directors		"Board" or "Board of Directors" means the duly constituted Board of Directors of the Company.
Bye-Laws		"Bye-laws" means bye-laws made by a Depository under Section 26 of the Depositories Act.
Beneficial Owner		"Beneficial Owner" means a person whose name is recorded as such with a Depository.
Capital		"Capital" means the Share capital for the time being raised or authorised to be raised, for the purpose of the Company.
Debenture		"Debenture" includes Debenture-stock.
Depositories Act		"Depositories Act" means the Depositories Act, 1996, including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

Depository	"Depository" means a company formed and registered under the Companies Act, 1956 and which has been granted a certificate of registration under sub-section (1A) of Section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
Directors	"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company, appointed in terms of these Articles.
Dividend	"Dividend" includes bonus and interim dividend.
Extraordinary General Meeting	"Extraordinary General Meeting" means an extraordinary general meeting of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned holding thereof.
In writing and written	"In writing" and "Written" include printing, lithography and any or all other modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form duly authenticated.
Manager	"Manager" means an individual as defined under Section 2(24) of the Act.
Managing Director	"Managing Director" means an individual as defined under Section 2(26) of the Act.
Member	" Member " means the duly registered holder, from time to time, of the shares of the Company and includes every person whose name is entered as a Beneficial Owner as defined in clause (a) of Sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
Meeting or General Meeting	"Meeting" or "General Meeting" means a meeting of Directors or Members or creditors as the case may be.
Month	"Month" means a calendar month.
Non-retiring Director	"Non-retiring Director" means a director not subject to retirement by rotation.
Office	"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.
Paid up	"Paid up" includes capital credited as paid up.
Participant	"Participant" means a person registered as such under Section 12(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
Person	" Person " means any natural person, firm, company, governmental authority, joint venture, partnership, association or any other entity (whether or not having a separate legal personality).
Register of Members	"Register of Members" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 150 of the Act.
The Registrar	"The Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies of the State in which the office of the Company is for the time being situate.
Record	"Record" includes the records maintained in the form of books or stored in Computer or in such other form as may be determined by regulations made by SEBI in relation to the Depositories Act, 1996.
Regulations	"Regulations" means the regulations made by the SEBI.
Secretary	"Secretary" means the Company Secretary appointed in pursuance of Section 383 A of the Act.
Seal	"Seal" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company.
Share	"Share" means a share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and shares is expressed or implied.

Statutory Meeting		"Statutory Meeting" means a meeting of the Members as defined under Section 165 of the Act.
SEBI		"SEBI" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
Security		"Security" means such security as may be specified by the SEBI.
Words		"Words" importing the singular number include, where the context admits or requires, the plural number and vice versa.
Ordinary Resolution and Special Resolution		"Ordinary Resolution" and "Special Resolution" shall have the meanings assigned thereto by Section 189 of the Act.
Year		"Year" means the calendar year and "Financial Year" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2 (17) of the Act.
Words bear same meaning as defined under Act		Subject as aforesaid, any words or expression defined in the Act, shall, except where the subject or context forbids, bear the same meaning in these Articles.
Gender		Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine gender.
Marginal Notes shall not affect construction		The marginal notes and catch lines used in these Articles shall not affect the constructions hereof.
Construction		Save as aforesaid, any words or expression defined in the Act shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles.
Capital Increase and Redu	ction of	f Capital
Capital	3.	a. The Authorised Capital of the Company is Rs.20,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Crore Only) divided into 2,00,00,000 (Two Crores) equity shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each with the rights, privileges and conditions attaching thereto as are provided by the regulations of the Company for the time being, with power to increase and reduce the Capital of the Company and to divide the Shares in the Capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for the time being be permitted by provided by regulations of the company and the statutory provisions for the time being in force.
		b. "The minimum Paid-up Share Capital of the Company shall be Rs. 5,00,000/- (Rupees Five Lacs only)."
Increase of capital by the Company and how carried into effect.	4.	The Company in General Meeting may, from time to time, increase the capital by the creation of new shares, such increase to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amount as the resolution shall prescribe. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any share of the original or increased capital shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving upon the creation thereof, shall direct, and if no direction is given, as the Directors shall determine; and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a right of voting at general meeting of the Company in conformity with Section 87 and 88 of the Act. Whenever the capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of these Articles, the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 97 of the Act.

New Capital same as 5. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and

shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and installments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise. Provided however that all the equity shares issued by the Company to the Members shall be of the same class and shall be alike ranking parri passu in all respect and the holders thereof shall be entitled to identical rights and privileges including, without limitation, to identical rights and privileges with respect to dividend, voting rights, payment of calls, liens, transfers, transmission, forfeiture, and the distribution of assets in the event of voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company on a pro rata basis. Provided that the above provision does not prohibit the Company from issuing redeemable preference shares. Subject to Article 6 hereinbelow, the Company in general meeting may also, from time to time, by special resolution capitalise the undistributed profits standing to the credit of the Company's Free Reserves and to apply the same in paying up new equity shares in the share capital of the Company and to appropriate the same as capital and not as income and allot and distribute as fully paid-up bonus shares to and amongst the persons registered in the Register of Members as the holders of equity shares of the Company on such date and in such proportion as may be decided by the Board of Directors.

Redeemable Preference6.Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act, the Company shall have the power to issueSharesPreference Shares which are liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorising such issue
shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption.

Preference Shares

- Provisions to apply on 7. On the issue of Redeemable Preference Shares under the provisions of Article 6 hereof the following provisions shall take effect: -
 - (a) no such shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purpose of the redemption;
 - (b) no such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid;
 - (c) the premium, if any, payable on redemption must have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or the Company's Share Premium Account before the shares are redeemed;
 - (d) where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called the "Capital Redemption Reserve Account", a sum equal to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed and the provisions of the Act, relating to the reduction of the share capital of the Company shall, except as provided in Section 80 of the Act, apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid-up share capital of the Company.
- Reduction of Capital 8. The Company may (subject to the provisions of Section 78, 80 and 100 to 105 inclusive, of the Act) from time to time by Special Resolution, reduce its share capital and any capital Redemption Reserve Account or Share Premium Account in any manner for the time being authorised by law and in particular capital may be paid off on the footing that it may called upon again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if it were omitted.
- Sub-division and consolidation of shares
 9. Subject to the provisions of Section 94 of the Act, the Company, in General Meeting, may, from time to time, sub-divide or consolidate its shares, or any of them or any part of them, and the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided, may determine that as between the holder of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of such shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regards dividend, capital or otherwise over or as compared with the others or other. Subject to aforesaid, the Company, in General Meeting, may also cancel shares, which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- Modification of rights 10. Whenever the capital, by reason of the issue of Preference Shares or otherwise, is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class (unless

		otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of Sections 106 and 107 of the Act be varied, modified, commuted, affected or abrogated, or dealt with by Agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of at least three fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of the class or is confirmed by a Special Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of shares of that class. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if this Article were omitted.
Shares at a discount	11.	Subject to the provisions, the Company may issue Shares at a discount of a class already issued, if the conditions contained in Section 79 of the Act are fulfilled.
Shares without voting rights	12.	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may issue shares without voting right attached to them, upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges attached thereto, as the Board may deem fit.
Issue of Sweat Equity shares	13.	"Company shall subject to and in accordance with the provisions of section 79A of the Act, shall have the power, by a Special Resolution passed at a General Meeting to issue Sweat Equity Shares to the Directors, Employees of either of the Company or of any of its subsidiary or holding Company."

Shares and Certificates

Register and Index of	14.	The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and Index of Members in accordance with
Members		Sections 150 and 151 of the Act. The Company shall be entitled to keep in any State or country
		outside India a Branch Register of Members resident in that State or Country.

- (a) Notwithstanding anything herein contained, a person, whose name is at any time entered in the Register of Members of the Company as the holders of a share in the Company, but who does not hold the beneficial interest in such share, shall, within such time and in such form as may be prescribed, make a declaration to the Company specifying the name and other particulars of the person or persons, who hold the beneficial interest in such share in the manner provided in Section 187-C of the Act;
- (b) A person who holds a beneficial interest in a share or a class of shares of the Company shall, within the time prescribed, after his becoming such beneficial owner, make a declaration to the Company specifying the nature of his interest, particulars of the person in whose name the shares stand in the Register of Members of the Company and such other particulars as may be prescribed as provided in Section 187-C of the Act;
- (c) Whenever there is a change in the beneficial interest in a share referred to above, the beneficial owner shall, within the time prescribed from the date of such change, make a declaration to the Company in such form and containing such particulars as may be prescribed as provided in Section 187-C of the Act;
- (d) Notwithstanding anything herein contained in Section 153 of the Act and Sub-Article (a), (b), (c) above, where any declaration referred to above is made to the Company, the Company shall make a note of such declaration in the Register of Members and file within the time prescribed from the date of receipt of the declaration a return in the prescribed form with the Registrar with regard to such declaration.
- Shares to be numbered progressively and no share to be sub-divided 15. Save and except for dematerialisation of Share or Shares held in fungible form with a Depository, the shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations, and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.

Further Issue of capital 16. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, where at any time after the expiry of two years from the formation of the Company or the expiry of one year from the allotment of

shares made for the first time after its formation whichever is earlier, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by allotment of further shares, whether out of unissued share capital or out of increased share capital, then such further shares shall be offered to the persons who at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the capital paid up on these shares at the date. Such offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined. Such offer shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to above hereof shall contain this statement of this right, provided that the directors may decline, without assigning any reason to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may renounce the shares offerred to him. After the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board may dispose of them in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.

- (b) Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding sub-clause, the Company may:
 - i) by a special resolution; or
 - ii) where no such special resolution is passed, if the votes cast (whether on a show of hands, or on a poll as the case may be) in favour of the proposal contained in the resolution moved in that general meeting (including the casting vote, if any, of the Chairman) by Members who, being entitled so to do, vote in person, or where proxies are allowed, by proxy exceed the votes, if any, cast against the proposal by Members so entitled and voting and the Central Government is satisfied, on an application made by the Board of Directors in this behalf, that the proposal is most beneficial to the Company, offer further shares to any person or may not include the persons who at the date of the offer, are the holders of the equity shares of the Company.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) above, but subject, however, to Section 81 (3) of the Act, the Company may increase its subscribed capital on exercise of an option attached to the debentures issued or loans raised by the Company to convert such debenture or loans into shares, or to subscribe for shares in the Company, provided however that the terms of the debentures or loans include a term providing for such option is in conformity with the rules, if any made by the Central Government in this behalf and has also been approved by a special resolution in the General Meeting.
- ption 17 (a) Subject to the provisions of section 81(1A) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 1956, and subject to the Articles of Association, the Board may, from time to time, create, offer and issue to or for the benefit of the Company's employees including the Executive Chairman, Vice-Chairman, the Managing Directors and the Whole time Directors such number of equity shares of the Company, in one or more trenches on such terms as may be determined by the Board prior to the issue and offer, in consultation with the authorities concerned and in accordance with such guidelines or other provisions of law as may be prevalent at that time but ranking pari passu with the existing equity shares of the Company.
 - (b) The issue price of such shares shall be determined by the Board in accordance with the laws prevalent at the time of the issue.
 - (c) In the alternative to equity shares, mentioned hereinabove, the Board may also issue bonds, equity warrants or other securities as may be permitted in law, from time to time. All such issues as above are to be made in pursuance of Employees' Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) to be drawn up and approved by the Board.

Employee Stock Option 17 Schme Shares under control of 18.
Subject to the provisions of these Articles and of the Act, the shares (including any shares forming part of any increased capital of the Company) shall be under the control of the Directors; who may allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons in such proportion on such terms and conditions and at such times as the Directors think fit and subject to the sanction of the Company in General Meeting with full power, to give any person the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either (subject to the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at premium or at par or a discount and such option being exercisable for such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit. The Board shall cause to be filed the returns as to allotment provided for in Section 75 of the Act.

- 19. The Board shall observe the restrictions as to allotment of shares to the public contained in Sections 69 and 70 of the Act, and shall cause to be made the returns as to allotment provided for in Section 75 of the Act.
- Power also to Company 20. In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Board to issue shares in under Articles 13 and 14 the Company in General Meeting may, subject to the provisions of General Meeting Section 81 of the Act, determine that any shares (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such person (whether members or not) in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at par or at a discount as such General Meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person (whether a member or not) the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at par or at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such General Meeting or the Company in General Meeting may make any other provision whatsoever for the issue, allotment, or disposal of any shares.
- Acceptance of Shares 21. Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any share therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles, and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is entered on the Register of Members shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be a Member.
- Deposit and call etc. to be a debt payable immediately 22. The money (if any) which the Board shall, on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall immediately on the insertion of the name of the allottee in the Register of Members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.
- Liability of Members 23. Every Member, or his heirs, executors, or administrator shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts, at such time or times, and in such manner as the Board shall, from time to time in accordance with the Company's regulations, require or fix for the payment thereof.
- Share Certificates Every Member or allottee of shares shall be entitled, with or without payment, to 24. (a) receive one share certificate specifying the name of the person in whose favour it is issued, the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon. Such certificate shall be issued only in pursuance of a resolution passed by the Board and on surrender to the Company of its letter of allotment or its fractional coupons of requisite value, save in case of issues against letters of acceptance or of renunciation or in case of issue of bonus shares. Every such certificate shall be issued under the seal of the Company, which shall be affixed in the presence of two Directors or persons acting on behalf of the Directors under a duly registered power of attorney and the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose, and two Directors or their Attorneys and the Secretary or other person shall sign the share certificate, provided that if the composition of the Board permits of it, at least one of the aforesaid two Directors shall be a person other than a Managing or whole time Director. Particulars of every share Certificate issued shall be entered in the Register of Members against the name of the person to whom it has been issued, indicating the date of issue,

provided however that no share $\operatorname{certificate}(s)$ shall be issued for shares held by a Depository.

		(b)	Any two or more joint allottees of a share shall, for the purpose of this Article, be treated as a single Member, and the certificate of any share, which may be the subject of joint ownership, may be delivered to anyone of such joint owners on behalf of all of them. For any further certificate the Board shall be entitled, but shall not be bound, to prescribe a charge not exceeding Rupee One. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 113 of the Act.
		(d) (e)	A Director may sign a share certificate by affixing his signature thereon by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means, such as engraving in metal or lithography, but not by means of a rubber stamp, provided that the Director shall be responsible for the safe custody of such machine, equipment or other material used for the purpose. The Company shall not be bound to register more than 3 persons as the joint holders of any share except in the case of executors or trustees of a deceased member and in respect of a share held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not issue more than one certificate and the delivery of a certificate for a share to any one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders. Particulars of every share certificate issued shall be entered in the Register of Members against the name of the person to whom it has been issued indicating the date of issue. The provisions stated above shall not be applicable to dematerialised Shares and shares held in fungible form with a Depository.
Share Certificate	25.	from the one mo	ompany shall complete and have ready for delivery such certificates within three months e date of allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide, or within nth of receipt of application of registration of transfer, transmission, sub-division, lation or renewal of any of its shares as the case may be."
Renewal of Share Certificate	26.	(a)	No certificate of any share or shares shall be issued either in exchange for those which are sub-divided or consolidated or in replacement of those which are defaced, torn or old, decrepit, worn out, or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been duly utilised unless the certificate in lieu of which it is issued is surrendered to the Company.
		(b)	When a new share certificate has been issued in pursuance of clause (a) of this Article, it shall state on the face of it and the stub or counterfoil to the effect that it is "issued in lieu of share certificate No. And sub-divided/ replaced/on consolidation of shares".
		(c)	If a share certificate is lost or destroyed, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be issued only with the prior consent of the Board or its duly constituted Committee and on such terms, if any, as to evidence and indemnity as to the payment of out-of- pocket expenses incurred by the Company in investigating evidence, as the Board thinks fit.
		(d)	When a new share certificate has been issued in pursuance of clause (c) of this Article, it shall state on the face of it and against the stub or counterfoil to the effect that it is "duplicate issued in lieu of share certificate No. ". The word "Duplicate" shall be stamped or punched in bold letters across the face of the share certificate.
		(e)	Where a new share certificate has been issued in pursuance of clause (a) or clause (c) of this Article, particulars of every such share certificate shall be entered in a Register of Renewal and Duplicate Certificates indicating against the name of the persons to whom the certificate is issued, the number and date of issue of the share certificate in lieu of which the new certificate is issued, and the necessary changes indicated in the Register of Members by suitable cross reference in the "Remarks" Column.
		(f)	All blank forms to be issued for issue of share certificates shall be printed and the

(f) All blank forms to be issued for issue of share certificates shall be printed and the printing shall be done only on the authority of a resolution of the Board. The blank

		forms shall be consecutively machine numbered and the forms and the blocks,
		engravings, facsimiles and hues relating to the printing of such forms shall be kept in the custody of the Secretary or of such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose and the Secretary or the other person aforesaid shall be responsible for rendering an account of these forms to the Board.
		(g) The Managing Director of the Company for the time being or, if the Company has no Managing Director, every Director of the Company shall be responsible for the maintenance, preservation and safe custody of all books and documents relating to the issue of share certificates except the blank forms of shares certificates referred to in Sub-Article (f).
First named holder is deemed to be sole owner	27.	If any share stand in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the Register of Members shall as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notices and all or any other matter connected with Company, except voting at meetings, and the transfer of the shares, be deemed the sole holder thereof but the joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such share and for all incidents thereof according to the Company's regulations.
Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holder	28.	Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required, the Company shall not be bound to recognise any equitable, contingent, further or partial interest in any share, or (except only as is by these Articles otherwise expressly provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in accordance with these Articles, in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, but the Board shall be at liberty, at their sole discretion, to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.
	29.	None of the funds of the Company shall be applied in the purchase of any shares of the Company, and it shall not give any financial assistance for or in connection with the purchase or subscription of any shares in the Company or in its holding Company save as provided by Section 77 of the Act.
Dematerialisation of Securities	30.	Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialise its existing securities, rematerialise its securities held in the Depositories and / or offer its fresh securities in a dematerialised form pursuant to the Depositories Act, and the rules framed thereunder, if any.
Option to receive Securities certificates or hold Securities with Depository	31.	Every person subscribing to or holding securities of the Company shall have the option to receive security certificates or to hold the securities with a Depository.
	32.	If a person opts to hold his security with a Depository, the Company shall intimate such Depository the details of allotment of the security, and on receipt of the information, the Depository shall enter in its records the name of the allottees as the Beneficial Owner of the security.
Securities in Depositories	33.	All securities held by a Depository shall be dematerialised and be in fungible form. Nothing contained in Sections 153, 153A, 153B, 187B, 187C and 372A of the Act, shall apply to a Depository in respect of the securities held by it on behalf of the Beneficial Owner.
Rights of Depositories and Beneficial Owners	34.	Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or these Articles, a Depository shall be deemed to be registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of security on behalf of the Beneficial Owner.
	35.	Save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the Depository, as the registered owner of the securities, shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the security held by it.

	36.	Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the Beneficial Owner in the records of the Depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Company. The Beneficial Owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities, which are held by a Depository.
Beneficial Owner deemed as absolute owner	37.	Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the Register of Members as the holder of any share or where the name appears as the Beneficial Owner of shares in the records of the Depository as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognise any benami trust or equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or (except only as is by these Articles otherwise expressly provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto in accordance with these Articles, on the part of any other person whether or not it has express or implied notice thereof, but the Board shall be entitled at their sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.
Depository to furnish information	38.	Every Depository shall furnish to the Company information about the transfer of securities in the name of the Beneficial Owner at such intervals and in such manner as may be specified by the bye-laws and the Company in that behalf.
Cancellation of certificates upon surrender by a person	39.	Upon receipt of certificate of securities on surrender by a person who has entered into an agreement with the Depository through a Participant, the Company shall cancel such certificate and substitute in its records the name of Depository as the registered owner in respect of the said securities and shall also inform the Depository accordingly.
Option to opt out in respect of any security	40.	If a Beneficial Owner seeks to opt out of a Depository in respect of any security, the Beneficial Owner shall inform the Depository accordingly.
	41.	The Depository shall, on receipt of information as above, make appropriate entries in its records and subsequently inform the Company.
	42.	The Company shall within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the intimation from the Depository and on fulfillment of such conditions and payment of such fees as may be specified by the regulations, issue the certificate of securities to the Beneficial Owner or the transferee as the case may be.
Service of Documents	43.	Notwithstanding anything in the Act, or these Articles to the contrary, where securities are held in a Depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such Depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.
Provisions of Articles to apply to shares held in Depository	44.	Except as specifically provided in these Articles, the provisions relating to joint holders of shares, calls, lien on shares, forfeiture of shares and transfer and transmission of shares shall be applicable to shares held in Depository so far as they apply to shares in physical form subject to the provisions of the Depository Act.
Allotment of Securities dealt with in a Depository	45.	Notwithstanding anything in the Act, or these Articles where securities are dealt with by a Depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the Depository immediately on allotment of such securities.
Distinctive number of securities held in a Depository	46.	The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations provided, however, that the provision relating to progressive numbering shall not apply to the shares of the Company which are dematerialised or may be dematerialised in future or issued in future in dematerialised form. Every forfeited or surrendered share held in material form shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.

Register and Index of Beneficial Owners	47.	The Company shall cause to keep a Register and index of Members and a Register and index of Debenture holders in accordance with Section 151 and 152 of the Act, respectively, and the Depositories Act, with details of shares and debentures held in material/physical and dematerialised form in any media as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronic media. The Register and Index of Beneficial Owners maintained by a Depository under Section 11 of the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be Register and Index of Members and Register and Index of Debenture holders, as the case may be, for the purpose of the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any state or country outside India a branch Register of Members resident in that state or country.
Register of Members	48.	The Company shall keep a Register of Transfers and shall have recorded therein fairly and distinctly particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share held in material form.
Underwriting and Broker	age	
Commission may be paid	49.	Subject to the provisions of Section 76 of the Act, the Company may, at any time, pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares or debentures in the Company, or procuring, or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares or debentures in the Company, but so that the commission shall not exceed, in the case of shares, five per cent of the price at which the shares are issued and in the case of debentures, two and a half per cent of the price at which the debentures are issued, or such higher rate or rates as may be permissible under any statutory provision for the time being in force. Such commission may be satisfied by payment of cash or by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
Brokerage on issue of Shares or Debentures	50.	The Company may pay a reasonable sum for brokerage.
Interest out of Capital		
Interest may be paid out of capital	51.	Where any shares are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any work or building, or the provision of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up, for the period, at the rate and subject to the conditions and restrictions provided by Section 208 of the Act and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of construction of the work or building, or the provision of plant.
Calls		
Directors may make calls	52.	The Board may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by resolution by circulation) make such call as it thinks fit upon the Members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and each Member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons and at all times and places appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments.
	53.	Whenever any calls for further share capital are made on shares, such calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class. For the purposes of this Article shares of the same nominal value of which different amounts have been paid up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.
	54.	Fifteen days' notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment, and the person or persons to who such call shall be paid.
Call to date from resolution	55.	A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorising such call was passed at a meeting of the Board and may be made payable by the Members whose names appears on the Register of Members on such date or at the discretion of the Board on such subsequent date as may be fixed by the Board.

Call may be revoked or postponed	56.	A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.
Liability of joint holders	57.	The joint-holder of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
Directors may extend time	58.	The Board may, from time to time at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the Members who from residence at a distance or other cause, the Board may, deem fairly entitled to such extension but no Member shall be entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour.
Calls to carry interest	59.	If any Member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such Member.
Sums deemed to be calls	60.	If any Member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such Member.
Proof on trial of suit for money due to shares	61.	On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any Member or his representatives for the recovery of any money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the Member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered appears entered on the Register of Members as the holder, at or subsequently to the date at which the money is sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due on the share in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered; that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the Minute Book, and that notice of such call was duly given to the Member or his representatives issued in pursuance of these Articles, and that it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor that quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.
Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture	62.	Neither the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any Member to the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.
Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest	63.	(a) The Board may, if it thinks fit, agree to and receive from any Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the amounts of his respective shares beyond the sums, actually called up and upon the moneys so paid in advance or upon so much thereof, from time to time, and at any time thereafter as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due in respect of the shares on account of which such advances are made, the Board may pay or allow interest, at such rate as the Member paying the sum in advance and the Board agree upon. The Board may agree to repay at any time there months' notice in writing. Provided that moneys paid in advance of calls on any shares may carry interest but shall not confer a right to dividend or participate in profits.
Voting rights in respect of calls in advance		(b) No Member paying any such sum in advance shall be entitled to voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable

Company's lien on shares	64.	The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (other than fully paid-up shares) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time in respect of such share. PROVIDED THAT the Board may, at any time, declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of these Articles.
	65.	The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon.
	66.	Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien, if any, on such shares, as against the transferor.
As to enforcing lien by sale	67.	For the purpose of enforcing such lien as aforesaid, the Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they shall think fit, but no sale shall be made:
		(a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; and
		(b) until the expiration of seven days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists and as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or to the person entitled thereto by transmission, and default shall have been made by him in payment of the sum payable as aforesaid for seven days after such notice.
Application of proceeds of sale	68.	The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of sale.
Forfeiture of Shares		
If money payable on shares not paid notice to be given to Members	69.	If any Member fails to pay any call or installment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, the Board may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid, give notice to him requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.
Form of notice	70.	The notice shall name a day (not being less than fourteen days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest thereon at such rate as the Directors shall determine from the day on which such call or installment ought to have been paid and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of the non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or installment is payable, will be liable to be forfeited.
In default of payment, shares to be forfeited	71.	If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid shall not be complied with, every or any share in respect of which such notice has been given, may at any time thereafter before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited share not actually paid before the forfeiture.
Notice of forfeiture to a Member	72.	When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the Member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any commission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid.
Forfeited Share to be property of the Company and may be sold etc.	73.	Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re- allotted, or otherwise disposed of, either to the original holder thereof or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

Members still liable to pay calls owing at the time of forfeiture and interest	74.	Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company, on demand all calls, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment at such rate as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment thereof, if it thinks fit.
Effect of forfeiture	75.	The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction, at the time of the forfeiture, of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.
Evidence of forfeiture	76.	A declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited in accordance with these Articles on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares.
Validity of sale under Articles 63 and 69	77.	Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore given, the Board may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold and may cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register of Members in respect of the shares sold, and the Purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings, or to the application of the purchase money, and after his name has been entered in the Register of Members in respect of such shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.
Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares	78.	Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a duplicate share certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons entitled thereto.
Power to annul forfeiture	79.	The Board may, at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, re-alloted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof, upon such conditions as it think fit.

Joint-holders	80	Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any share, they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint holders with benefits of survivorship subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles:-
		(a) The Company shall be entitled to decline to register more than three persons as the holders of any share.
		(b) The joint-holders shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or installments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of the share.
		(c) On the death of any one or more of such joint- holders, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the share but the directors may require such evidence of death as may deem fit and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.
Receipts		(d) Any one of such joint-holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of such share.
Delivery of Certificate and giving of notice to first named holder		(e) Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint-holders shall be entitled to delivery of the certificates relating to the share or to receive notices. In the case of shares held in a dematerialised or fungible form every beneficial owner in the records of the Depository shall be entitled to receive notices.
Votes of Joint-holders		(f) Any one of two or more joint-holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by an agent duly authorised under a power of attorney or by proxy in respect of a share as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such persons be present, that person whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the Register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote.
		Provided always that a person present at any meeting personally shall be entitled to vote in preference to a person present by an agent, duly authorised under power of attorney or by proxy although the name of such person present by an agent or proxy stands first or higher in the Register. Several executors of a deceased member in whose (deceased member's) name any share stands shall for the purposes of this sub clause be deemed joint-holders.

Transfer and Transmission of Shares

Register of Transfers	81.	The Company shall keep a "Register of Transfer" and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share in the material form.
Form of Transfer	82.	For making transfer of Shares of the Company, a common form shall be used. The instrument of transfer shall be in writing and all the provisions of Section 108 of the Act, and or any statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfer of shares and their restrictions thereof.
	83.	The Instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the Transferor and the Transferee shall be delivered to the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The Instrument of Transfer shall be accompanied by such evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of Transferor and his right to transfer the shares and every registered Instrument of Transfer shall remain in the custody of the Company until destroyed by order of the Board. The Transferor shall be deemed to be the holder of such shares until the name of the Transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof. Before the registration of a transfer, the certificate or certificates of the shares must be delivered to the Company.

- Closure of Register of members of Debenture holders 84. The Board shall have power on giving not less than seven days' previous notice by advertisement in some newspaper circulating in the district in which the office of the Company is situate to close the Transfer Books, the Register of Members or Register of Debenture-holder at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year, and thirty days at one time.
- Director's power to register a S5. Subject to the provisions of Section 111 of the Act, the Board may, at its own absolute and uncontrolled discretion and without assigning any reason, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares (whether fully paid or not and notwithstanding that the proposed Transferee be already a member), but in such case it shall, within two months from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the Company, send to the Transferee and the Transferor notice of the refusal to register such transfer provided that the registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground that the Transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except a lien on shares.
- Notice of application 86. Where, in the case of partly paid share, an application for registration is made by the transferor, the company shall give notice of the application to the Transferee in accordance with the provisions of Section 110 of the Act.
- Death of one or more joint-holders of shares 87. In the case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of Members as the joint holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from an liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.
- Title to shares 88. In absence of a nomination recorded in accordance with Section 109A of the Act, read with of deceased holders Section 109B of the Act, which shall, in any event, have precedent, the executors or administrators of holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives of a deceased member (not being one or two or more joint-holders) shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such Member and the Company shall not be bound to recognise such executors or administrators or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives unless such executors or administrators or legal representatives shall have first obtained Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate as the case may be, from a duly constituted court in the Union of India; provided that in any case where the Board in its absolute discretion thinks fit, the Board may dispense with production of Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate, upon such terms as to indemnify or otherwise as the Board in its absolute discretion may think necessary and under Article 85 register the name of any person who claims to be absolutely entitled to the shares standing in the name of a deceased member, as a Member.
 - 89. No share shall in any circumstances be transferred to any minor, insolvent or person of unsound mind.
- Transmission Clause 90. Subject to the provisions of the Act and Articles 82 and 83, any person becoming entitled to share in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy, insolvency of any Member or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these Articles may, with the consent of the Board (which it shall not be under any obligation to give), upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this Article or of such title as the Board thinks sufficient, either be registered himself as the holder of the share or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Board registered as such holder; provided nevertheless, that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify the election by executing in favour of his nominee an Instrument of Transfer in accordance with the provisions herein contained, and until he does so, he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of the shares. This clause is hereinafter referred to as the "transmission clause".

- 91. A person entitled to a share by transmission shall, subject to the right of the Directors to retain such dividends or money as hereinafter provided, be entitled to receive, and may give a discharge for, any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share.
- 92. There shall be no fee paid to the Company, in respect of the transfer or transmission of any number of shares, registration fo transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney or similar other document..
- The Company is not 93. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to an transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any liable for disregard of apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the prohibiting registration of transfer prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer, and may have entered such notice, or referred thereto, in any book of the Company, and the Company shall not be bound to be required to regard or attend to give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company, but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto if the Board shall so think fit.
 - 94. The Directors shall have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any shares or his nominee as if he were the transferee named in the case of a transfer of shares presented for registration.
- Right of successors 95. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividend and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the shares, except that that he shall not, before being registered as a Member in respect of the shares, be entitled to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company PROVIDED THAT the directors shall, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the shares and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the shares until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Nomination

notice

- Every shareholder or debenture holder of the Company, may at anytime, nominate, in the 96. prescribed manner, a person to whom his shares in, or debentures of the Company shall vest in the event of his death.
- 97. Where the shares in, or debentures of the Company are held by more than one person jointly, the joint holders may together nominate, in the prescribed manner, a person to whom all the rights in the shares or debentures of the Company as the case may be, shall vest in the event of death of all the joint holders.
- 98. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being a force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or otherwise, in respect of such shares in or debentures of the Company, where a nomination made in the prescribed manner purports to confer on any person the right to vest the shares in or debentures of the Company, the nominee shall, on the death of the shareholder or debenture holder or, as the case may be, on the death of the joint holders, become entitled to all the rights in such shares or debentures or, as the case may be, all the joint holders, in relation to such shares or debentures, to the exclusion of all other persons, unless the nomination is varied, cancelled in the prescribed manner.
- Where the nominee is a minor, it shall be lawful for the holder of the shares or debentures, to 99. make the nomination to appoint, in the prescribed manner, any person to become entitled to shares in or debentures of the Company, in the event of his death, during the minority.

Transmission of Securities by Nominee

- 100. A nominee, upon production of such evidence as may be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either -
 - (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share or debenture, as the case may be; or
 - (b) to make such transfer of the share or debenture, as the case may be, as the deceased shareholder or debenture holder, could have made;
 - (c) if the nominee elects to be registered as holder of the share or debenture, himself, s the case may be, he shall deliver or send to the Company, a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects and such notice shall be accompanied with the death certificate of the deceased shareholder or debenture holder as the case may be;
 - (d) a nominee shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled to, if he were the registered holder of the share or debenture except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of his share or debenture, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.

Provided further that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share or debenture, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable or rights accruing in respect of the share or debenture, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Buy back of Shares

- 101. Subject to the provisions of sections 77A, 77AA, 77B and 217 (2B) of the Act, the Company is hereby authorised to buy-back the Company's shares or other specified securities out of its free reserves or its securities premium account or from the proceeds of any shares or other specified securities; Provided that no buy-back of any kind of shares or other specified securities shall be made out of the proceeds of an earlier issue of the same kind of shares or the same kind of other specified securities.
- 102. The Company may, subject to the Act and these Articles, in general meeting, alter the conditions of its Memorandum as follows :
 - (a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amounts than its existing shares.
 - (b) Sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amounts than those originally fixed by the Memorandum, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles. The resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of such shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regard dividend, capital or otherwise over or as compared with the others.
 - (c) Cancel any shares, which, at the date of such general meeting, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any Person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

- 103. Whenever the share capital of the Company, by reason of the issue of preference shares or otherwise, is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to written consent or a Special Resolution under the provisions of Section 106 and the right of dissident Members comprising not less than 10% of the issued capital of that class to apply to the court to have a variation of Shareholders rights cancelled under section 107 of the Act and these Articles be varied, modified or dealt with, with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the issued shares of that class, and all the provisions contained in these Articles as to general meetings, (including the provisions relating to quorum at such meetings), shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such meeting.
- 104. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class, issued with preferred or other rights, shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of the issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.
- 105. The Company shall not issue any shares, (not being preference shares), which carry voting right, or rights in the Company as to dividend, capital or otherwise, which are disproportionate to the rights attached to the holders (not being preference shares).
- 106. All equity shares shall be of the same class and shall rank pari passu and shall be alike in all respects and the holders thereof shall be entitled to identical rights and privileges including, without limitation, to identical rights and privileges with respect to dividend, voting rights, and the distribution of the assets in the event of voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any shares, any of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of such shares.
- 107. All further issues of shares or increases in the share capital of the Company shall require the prior approval of the Board.
- 108. The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct and if no direction is given on the directions as the Board shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with special or without any voting rights.

Copies of Memorandum and Articles to be sent to Members

Copies of 109. Memorandum and Articles to be sent by the Company A copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other documents referred to in Section 39 of the Act shall be sent by the Company to every member at his request within seven days of the request on payment of the sum of Rupee One for each copy.

Borrowing Powers

- **Borrowing Powers** 110. Subject to the provisions of Sections 58A, 292 and 293 of the Act, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board, accept deposit from members either in advance of calls or otherwise and generally raise or borrow or secure the repayment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company. Provided, however, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of the business) exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves (not being reserves set apart for any specific purpose) the Board shall not borrow such moneys without the consent of the Company in General Meeting. Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board, receive deposits from its members, directors or their relatives and receive loans from its members, either in advance of call or otherwise, and generally raise or borrow money either in India or abroad by way of loans, overdrafts, cash credit or by issue of bonds denominated in various currencies, debentures or debenture stock with or without any option attached to it (perpetual or otherwise), commercial paper or in any other manner, from any bank, financial institution, company, Government or any authority or any other body for the purpose of the Company and may secure the payment of any sums of money so received, raised or borrowed.
 - 111. Subject to the provisions of Article 105 hereof, the payment or repayment of moneys borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Ordinary Resolution shall prescribe including by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being and debentures, debenture-stock and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
- Terms of issue of 112. Any debentures, debentures stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination, and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares and attending (but not voting) at General Meetings, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in general meeting accorded by a Special Resolution.
- Register of mortgages, 113. The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 143 of the Act of all mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall cause the requirements of Section 118, 125 and 127 to 144 (both inclusive) of the Act in that behalf to be duly complied with.
- Register and Index of 114. The Company shall, if at any time it issues debentures, keep a Register and Index of Debentureholders in accordance with Section 152 and 157 of the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any state or country outside India a branch Register of Debenture-holders resident in that State or country.

Share Warrants

115. The Company may issue share warrants subject to, and in accordance with, the provisions of Section 144 and 115 of the Act and accordingly the Board may in its discretion, with respect to any share which is fully paid, upon application in writing, signed by the person registered as holder of the share, from time to time, require as to identity of the person signing the application, on receiving the certificate (if any) of the share, and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the Board may from time to time require, issue a share warrant.

- 116. The bearer of a share warrant may at any time deposit the warrant at the office of the Company, and so long as the warrant remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company, and of attending and voting and exercising the other privileges of a Member at any meeting held after the expiry of two clear days from the time of deposits, as if his name was inserted in the Register of Members as the holder of the share including in the deposited warrant.
- 117. Not more than one person shall be recognised as depositor of the share warrant.
- 118. The Company shall, on two days' written notice, return the deposited share warrant to the depositor.
- (a) Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person shall, as bearer of a share warrant, sign a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company, or attend, or vote or exercise any other privileges of a Member at a meeting of the Company, or be entitled to receive any notices from the Company.
 - (b) The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects to the same privileges and advantages as if he were named in the Register of Members as the holder of the share included in the warrant and he shall be a member of the Company.
- 120. The Board may, from time to time, make rules as to the terms on which (if it shall think fit) a new share warrant or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, loss or destruction.

Conversion of Shares into Stock and Reconversion

The Company, in General Meeting, may convert any paid-up shares into stock, and when any Shares mav be 121. shares shall have been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may henceforth converted into stock transfer their respective interests therein, or any part of such interest, in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as, and subject to which shares from which the stock arise might have been transferred if no such conversion had taken place or as near thereto as circumstances will admit. The Company may, at any time, convert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination. Where any shares have been so converted into stock, the holders of stock may then transfer their respective interests in the same or part thereof in the same manner, as and subject to the same restrictions under which the shares from which the stock arose before conversion might have been transferred., or as near thereto as circumstances admit. Provided however that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable.

Rights of stock holders 122. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings, of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets of winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

Meeting of Members

123. The Company shall, within a period of not less than one month nor more than six months from which it is entitled to commence business, hold the Statutory Meeting of the members of the Company subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Section 165 of the Act.

Annual General 12 Meeting and Annual Return	24.	The Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year. All General Meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extra-ordinary General Meetings. An Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be held within six months after the expiry of each financial year, provided that not more than fifteen months shall lapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next. Provided that it will be permissible to hold its first Annual General Meeting within a period of not less than eighteen months from the date of its incorporation; and if such meeting is held within that period it shall not be necessary for the Company to hold any Annual General Meeting in the year of its incorporation or in the following calendar year. Nothing contained in the foregoing provisions shall be taken as affecting the right conferred upon the Registrar under the provisions of Section 166 (i) of the Act to extend the time within which any Annual General Meeting may be held. Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for at a time during business hours, on a day that is not a public holiday, and shall be held at the office of the Company or at some other place within the city in which the office of the Company is situate as the Board may determine and the notice calling the Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. The Company may in any one Annual General Meeting fix the time for its subsequent Annual General Meetings. Every member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' shareholdings which latter Register shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting. The Board shall cause to be prepared the Annu
Extraordinary General 12 Meeting	25.	The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an Extra ordinary General Meeting and it shall do so upon a requisition in writing by any Member or Members holding in the aggregate not less than one- tenth of such of the paid-up capital as at that date carries the right of voting in regard to the matter in respect of which the requisition has been made.
Requisition of 12 Members to state object of Meeting	26.	Any valid requisition so made by Members must state the object or objects of the meeting proposed to be called, and must be signed by the requisitionists and be deposited at the office provided that such requisition may consist of several documents in like form each signed by

one or more requisitionists. 127. Upon the receipt of any such requisition, the Board shall forthwith call an Extra-ordinary On receipt of requisition, directors to General Meeting and if they do not proceed within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition being deposited at the office and cause a meeting to be called on a day not later than call Meeting and in forty-five days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the requisitions, or such of their default requisitionists number as represent either a majority in value of the paid-up share capital held by all of them may do so. or not less than one- tenth of such of the paid-up share capital of the Company as is referred to in Section 169 (4) of the Act, whichever is less, may themselves call the Meeting, but in either case any Meeting so called shall be held within three months from the date of the delivery of

Meeting called by 128. Any Meeting called under the foregoing Articles by the requisitionists shall be called in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meeting are to be called by the Board.

the requisition as aforesaid.

- Notice of Meeting 129. Save and except the Statutory Meeting, twenty-one days' notice at the least of every General Meeting, Annual or Extra-Ordinary, and by whomsoever called specifying the day, place and hour of Meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat, shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided, to such persons as are under these Articles entitled to receive notice from the Company. Provided that in the case of an Annual General Meeting with the consent in writing of all the members entitled to vote thereat and in case of any other Meeting, with the consent of the Members holding not less than 95 per cent of such part of the paid-up share capital of the Company as gives a right to vote at the Meeting, a Meeting may be convened by a shorter notice. In the case of an Annual General Meeting if any business other than (i) the consideration of the Accounts, Balance Sheet and Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors (ii) the declaration of dividend (iii) the appointment of Directors in place of those retiring, (iv) the appointment of, and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors, is to be transacted, and in the case of any other Meeting in any event there shall be annexed to the notice of the Meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business including in particular the nature of the concern or interest, if any, therein of every Director, and the Manager (if any). Where any such item or special business relates to, or affects any other company, the extent of share holding interest in the other company of every Director, and the Manager, if any of the Company shall also be set out in the statement if the extent of such shareholding interest is not less than 2 percent of the paid-up share capital of that other company. Where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any documents by the meeting, the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.
- Omission to give notice 130. The accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to any of the Members, or the non not to invalidate a receipt thereof shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such Meeting. resolution passed
- Meeting not to transact 131. No General Meeting, Annual or Extra-ordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or business not mentioned transact any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was in notice convened.
- Five Members present in person shall be a quorum for a General Meeting. The Quorum for the Quorum for the General 132. meeting shall be as provided in Section 174 of the Act.

Corporate 133. A body corporate being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present if it is represented in accordance with Section 187 of the Act. be

- If quorum not present, 134. If, at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding a Meeting of the meeting to be dissolved Company, a quorum is not present, the Meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of or adjourned Members, shall stand dissolved and in any other case the Meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or if that day is a public holiday, until the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place in the City or town in which the Office of the company is for the time being situate, as the Board may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding the Meeting, the Members present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
- Chairman of General 135 The chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting Meeting, whether Annual or Extra-ordinary. If there be no such Chairman of the Directors, or if at any Meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such Meeting or if he shall be unable or unwilling to take the chair then the members present shall elect another Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Members present shall elect one of their number to be Chairman.
- Business confined to 136. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman, whilst election of Chairman the Chair is vacant.

whilst chair vacant

Meeting

Body

deemed

personally present

to

Chairman with consent with adjourn	137.	The Chairman with the consent of the Members may adjourn any Meeting from time to time and from place to place where the Office is situated. But no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
Question at General Meeting how decided	138.	At any General Meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll is ordered to be taken by the Chairman of the meeting of his own motion or unless a poll is demanded by any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the company;
		(a) which confer a power to vote on the resolution not being less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution or
		(b) on which an aggregate sum of not less than Rupees 50,000 has been paid up.
	139.	The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.
	140.	Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the Minutes Book of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
Chairman's casting vote	141.	In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and at a poll (if any) have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Member.
Poll to be taken, if demanded	142.	If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, the same shall, subject to Article 136, be taken at such time (not later than forty-eight hours from the time when the demand was made) and place in the City or town in which the Office of the Company is for the time being situate and either by open voting or by ballot, as the Chairman shall direct, and either at once or after an interval or adjournment or otherwise, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.
Scrutineers at poll	143.	Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two scrutineers to scrutinise the vote given on the poll and to report thereon to him. One of the scrutineers so appointed shall always be a Member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the Meeting provided such a Member is available and willing to be appointed. The Chairman shall have power at any time before the result of the poll is declared to remove a scrutineer from office and fill vacancies in the office of scrutineer arising from such removal or from any other cause.
In what case poll taken without adjournment	144.	Any poll duly demanded on the election of a Chairman of a Meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the Meeting forthwith.
Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business	145.	The demand for a poll, except on the questions of the election of the Chairman and on an adjournment, shall not prevent the continuance of a Meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.
Postal Ballot	146	Notwithstanding anything contained in the Articles of Association of the Company, the Company does adopt the mode of passing the resolutions by its members by means of a postal ballot (including voting by an electronic mode) pursuant to the provisions of Section 192 A of the Act, read with the Companies (Passing of the Resolution by Postal Ballot Rules), 2001, and any modifications or amendments made thereto from time to time.

Vote of Members

Member in arrears not to vote	147.	No Member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hands or upon a poll in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has, and has exercised, any right of lien.
Number of votes to which member entitled	148.	Subject to the provisions of the Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company, every Member, not disqualified by the last preceding Article, shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at such Meeting and on a show of hands, every Member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll the voting right of every Member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company. Provided, however, if any preference shareholder be present at any Meeting of the Company, save as provided in clause (b) of subsection (2) of Section 87, he shall have a right to vote only on resolutions placed before the Meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares.
Casting of votes by a Member entitled to more than one vote	149.	On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company, a Member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.
Vote of Member of unsound mind and minor	150.	A Member of unsound mind or and in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian in respect of any shares registered in his name and any such committee or guardian may, on poll, vote by proxy. If any Member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian, or any one of his guardians, if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the Meeting.
Representation of body corporate	151.	(A)(i) A body corporate (whether a Company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, if it is a member or creditor of the Company (including a holder of debentures) having a right to vote, may in pursuance of Sections 187 or 187A of the Act, authorise such person as it thinks fit by a resolution of its Board of Directors or other governing body to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of Members of the Company or at any meeting of the creditors of the Company or debenture holders of the Company.
		(ii) A person authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body could exercise if it were an individual member, creditor, or holder of debentures of the Company. The production of a copy of the resolution aforesaid certified by a Director of such body corporate before the commencement of the meeting shall be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the validity of the said representative appointment and his right to vote thereof.
		(B)(i) The President of India or the Governor of a State, if he is a member of the Company, may appoint such person as he thinks fit to act as his representative at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company.
		(ii) A person appointed to act as aforesaid shall, for the purpose of this Act, be deemed to be a member of the Company and shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to Vote by proxy) as the President or as case may be, the Governor could exercise as a member of the Company.

Votes of joint member	152.	If there be joint registered holders of any shares, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting or may appoint another person (whether a Member or not) as his proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto but the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the Meeting, and if more than one of such joint-holders be present at any Meeting, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands higher on the Register shall alone be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose names shares stand shall, for the purpose of these Articles, be deemed join-holders thereof.
Voting in person or by proxy	153.	Subject to the provisions of these Articles, votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A body corporate being a Member may vote either by a proxy or by a representative duly authorised in accordance with Section 187 of the Act and such representative shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body could exercise if it were an individual Member.
Votes in respect of shares of deceased and insolvent Member	154.	Any person entitled under Article 85 to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that forty-eight hours at least before the time of holding the Meeting or adjourned Meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such Meeting in respect thereof.
Appointment of proxy	155.	Every proxy (whether a Member or not) shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney, or if such appointer is a corporation under the common seal of such corporation, or be signed by an officer or any attorney duly authorised by it, and any Committee or guardian may appoint such proxy. The proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the Meeting.
Proxy either for specified meeting or for a period	156.	An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purpose of a particular Meeting specified in the instrument and any adjournment thereof or it may appoint for the purpose of every Meeting of the Company or of every Meeting to be held before a date specified in the instrument and every adjournment of any such Meeting.
Votes by members present or by proxy	157.	A member present by proxy shall be entitled to vote only on a poll. However where such Member is a body corporate present by a proxy who is not himself a Member in which case such proxy shall also be eligible to vote on show of hands as if he were a Member.
Deposit of instrument of appointment	158.	The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the office not later than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument or proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution.
Form of proxy	159.	Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified Meeting or otherwise shall as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in any of the forms set out in Schedule IX of the Act.
Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding death of member	160.	A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal, or revocation of the proxy or of any authority or of any power of attorney under which such proxy was signed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

Time for objection to 161. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at any Meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote, whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such Meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such Meeting or poll whatsoever.

binding and conclusive.

Chairman of the 162. meeting to be the Judge of the validity of every vote

Minutes of Meeting

Minutes of General 163. Meetings and inspection thereof by Members

. The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting to be kept within thirty days of the conclusion of every such Meeting and concerned entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

The Chairman of any Meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at

such Meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the

validity of every vote tendered at such poll. The decision of the Chairman shall be final,

- 164. Each page of every such book shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each Meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the same Meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or inability of that Chairman within that period by a Director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose.
- 165. In no case the minutes of proceedings of a Meeting shall be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.
- 166. The minutes of each Meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
- 167. All appointments of Officers made at any Meeting aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the Meeting.
- 168. Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the Meeting (a) is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory on any person, or (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings, or (c) is detrimental to the interests of the Company. The Chairman of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the aforesaid grounds.
- 169. Any such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.
- 170. The book containing the Minutes of proceedings of General Meetings shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open during business hours, for such periods not being less in the aggregate than two hours in each day as the Directors determine, to the inspection of any Member without charge.

Directors

- Number of Directors 171. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 252 of the Act, the number of Directors shall not be less than three and not be more than twelve.
- Certain persons not to 172 No body corporate, association or firm shall be appointed a Director and only an individual shall be so appointed. As provided by Section 274 of the Act, certain persons mentioned therein shall not be capable of being appointed Directors of the Company, unless the Central Government, by Notification, removes the disqualification for some of the persons mentioned therein.

First Directors

173. The following are the First Directors of the Company:

- (1) MR. DR. PRAFULLA R. HEDE
 - (2) MR. DATTATRAYA MAHADEV SUKHATHANKAR
 - (3) MR. ASHOK CHOWGULE

Present Directors of the company are as follows:

- (1) MR. SURENDRA AMBALAL DAVE
- (2) MR. RAM SUKHRAJ TARNEJA
- (3) MR. DATTATRAYA MAHADEO SUKTHANKAR
- (4) MRS. SHIBANI MANISH HARLALKA
- (5) MR. PRAFULLA RAJARAM HEDE
- (6) MR. PRALHAD BHAGWANT DESAI
- (7) MR. SAMIT PRAFULLA HEDE
- (8) MR. PAUL DAVID TALBOT WILLCOX
- 174. Unless the above named First Directors of the Company resign or otherwise cease to hold office of Director, they shall hold such office up to the date of the First Annual General Meeting of the Company and thereafter the Directors shall be appointed in accordance with the provisions contained in these Articles.
- Provision to appoint ex-175. Whenever the Company/ directors enter into a contract with any Government, Central, State or officio Directors Local, any bank or financial institution or any person or persons (hereinafter referred to as the "appointer") for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for technical collaboration or assistance or for underwriting or enter into any other arrangement whatsoever, the Directors shall have, subject to the provisions of Section 255 of the Act, the power to agree that such appointer shall have the right to appoint or nominate, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company, one or more Directors on the Board for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the agreement and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire by rotation nor be required to hold any qualification shares. The Directors may also agree that any such Director or Directors may be removed from time to time by the appointer entitled to appoint or nominate them and the appointer may appoint another or others in his or their place and also fill in any vacancy, which may occur as a result of any such Director or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatsoever. The Directors appointed or nominated under this Article shall be entitled to exercise and enjoy all or any of the rights and privileges exercised and enjoyed by the Directors of the Company including payment of remuneration and travelling expenses to such Director or Directors as may be agreed by the Company with the appointer.

Nominee Director

Nominee Directors

- 176. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI), Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI), the Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India Limited (ICICI), Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC), Unit Trust of India (UTI), General Insurance Corporation of India (GIC), National Insurance Company Limited (NIC), The Orient Fire and General Insurance Company Limited (OFGI), The New India Assurance Company Limited (NIA), United India Insurance Company Limited (UI) or a State Financial Corporation or any financial institution owned or controlled by the Central Government or a State Government or the Reserve Bank of India or by two or more of them or by Central Government or State Government by themselves (each of the above is hereinafter in this Article referred to as "the Corporation"), out of any loans/debenture assistance granted by them to the Company or so long as the Corporation holds or continues to hold Debentures/ Shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or by direct subscription or private placement, or so long as any liability of the Company arising out of any Guarantee furnished by the Corporation on behalf of the Company remains outstanding, the Corporation shall have a right to appoint, from time to time, any person or persons as a Director or Directors, whole-time or non- wholetime, (which Director or Directors, is/are hereinafter referred to as "Nominee Director/s") on the Board of the Company and to remove from such office any person or persons so appointed and to appoint any person or persons in his or their place/s.
 - 177. The Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove the Nominee Director/s from its/their office/s. At the option of the Corporation, such Nominee Director/s shall not be required to hold any share qualification in the Company. Also at the option of the Corporation, such Nominee Director/s shall not be liable to retirement by rotation of Directors. The Company agrees that if the Board of Directors of the Company has constituted or proposes to constitute any management committee or other committee(s) it shall, if so required by the Corporation include the Nominee Director as a member of such management committee or other committee(s). Subject as aforesaid, the Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligations as any other Directors of the Company.
 - 178. The Nominee Director/s so appointed shall hold the said office only so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Corporation or so long as the Corporation holds or continues to hold Debentures/Shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or by direct subscription or private placement or the liability of the Company arising out of the guarantee is outstanding the Nominee Director/s so appointed in exercise of the said power shall ipso facto vacate such office immediately the moneys owing by the Company to the Corporation are paid off or on the Corporation ceasing to hold Debentures/Shares in the Company or on the satisfaction of the liability of the Company arising out of the guarantee furnished by the Corporation.
 - 179. The Nominee Director/s appointed under this Article shall be entitled to receive all notices of and attend all General Meeting, Board Meetings and of the Meetings of the Committee of which the Nominee Director/s is/are member/s also the minutes of such meetings. The Corporation shall also be entitled to receive all such notices and minutes.
 - 180. The Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same sitting fees, commission, remuneration and expenses as are applicable to other Directors of the Company. The Company shall pay the sitting fees and other expenses to the Nominee Director/s directly, but the commission, remuneration or other monies and fees to which the Nominee Director/s is entitled shall accrue due to the Corporation and shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation.

Provided that if any such Nominee Director/s is an officer of the Corporation the sitting fees, in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall also accrue to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation.

		181.	connect	penses that may be incurred by the Corporation or such Nominee Director/s in ion with their appointment or Directorship shall also be paid or reimbursed by the ny to the Corporation or, as the case may be, to such Nominee Director/s.
		182.	such N Corpora in the r	d also that in the event of Nominee Director/s being appointed as whole time Director/s ominee Director/s shall exercise such powers and duties as may be approved by the ation and have such rights as are usually exercised or available to a whole time Director management of the affairs of the Company. Such whole time Director/s shall be entitled ve such remuneration, fees, commission and monies as may be approved by the ation.
		183.	debentu of the persons accordi Debentu for the	provided by the Trust Deed, securing or otherwise, in connection with any issue of res of the Company, that any person or persons shall have power to nominate a Director Company, then in the case of any and every such issue of debenture, the person or having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director ngly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as "Debenture Director". A re Director may be removed from office at any time by the person or persons in whom ime being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another Director may inted in his place. A Debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification
Appointment Alternate Directors	of	184.	Origina in whic Article whose p returns returns reappoi	ard may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "the l Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from the State h meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. An Alternate Director appointed under this shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in place he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the Original Director to that State. If the term of office of the original Director is determined before he so to that State, any provisions in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic ntment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original r and not to the Alternate Director.
Directors power to to the Board	add	185.	(a)	Subject to the provisions of Section 260 of the Act, the Board shall have power, at any time and from time to time, to appoint any other qualified person to be an Additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not, at any time, exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board under the Article 165. Any such additional Director shall hold office only upto the next Annual General Meeting.
			(b)	Subject to the provisions of Sections 262, 264 and 284 of the Act, the Board shall have power, at any time and from time to time, to appoint any other qualified person to be a Director to fill a casual vacancy. Any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated by him.
Qualification Directors	of	186.	A Direc	tor shall not be required to hold any share qualification.
Remuneration Directors	of	187.	(a)	Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Managing Director or Directors, who is in the whole-time employment of the Company may be paid remuneration either by way of monthly payment or at specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by the other.
			(b)	Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Director who is neither in the whole time employment nor a Managing Director may be paid remuneration either;
				(i) by way of monthly, quarterly or annual payment with the approval of the Central Government; or
				(ii) by way of Commission if the Company by a special resolution authorised such payment.

Fees payable to a 188. The fees payable to a Director for attending a meeting of the Board or committee/s thereof shall be such sum as may be decided by the Board from time to time, subject to such limit as may be prescribed in that behalf, from time to time, by the Central Government under or pursuant to the Act.

- 189. If any Director is called upon to perform extra services or special exertion or efforts (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any Committee/s formed by the Directors), the Board may arrange with such Director, for such special remuneration, for such extra services or special exertion or efforts either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board and the said remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution of his remuneration elsewhere specified in the Articles.
- Traveling expenses 190. The Board may allow and pay to any Director, who travels for the purpose of attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any Committee/s thereof or General Meetings, or in connection with the business of the Company, his travelling and hotel and other expenses incurred by him in consequence or for the purpose of his attendance, and in connection with the business of the Company in addition to his fees for attending such meetings as above specified and other remuneration payable to him.

Provided that if so desired by the Corporation appointing a Corporation Director, the Company may instead reimburse the Corporation appointing such Director any sums that may be paid by it to that Director in respect of his attendance at the meeting of the Board.

Directors may act 191. The continuing Directors may act, notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum fixed by Article 165 hereof. The continuing Directors, not being less than two, may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or of summoning a General Meeting but for no other purpose.

When the office of 192. Director may become vacant Subject to Section 283 (2) of the Act, the Office of a Director shall become vacant if :

- (a) he is found to be of unsound mind by a Court of competent jurisdiction; or
- (b) he applies to be adjudicated an insolvent; or
- (c) he is adjudged an insolvent or
- (d) he fails to pay any call made on him in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others, within six months from the last date fixed for the payment of such call unless the Central Government has by notification in the Official Gazette removed the disqualification incurred by such failure; or
- (e) he absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Directors or from all meetings of the Directors for a continuous period of three months, whichever is longer, without leave of absence from the Board; or
- (f) he becomes disqualified by an order of the Court under Section 203 of the Act; or
- (g) he is removed in pursuance of Section 284; or
- (h) he (whether by himself or by any person for his benefit or on his account) or any firm in which he is a partner or any private company of which he is a director accepts a loan or any guarantee or security for a loan from the Company in contravention of Section 295 of the Act; or
- (i) he acts in contravention of Section 299 of the Act; or
- (j) he is convicted by a court of an offence involving moral turpitude and is sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months; or
- (k) having been appointed a Director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the Company, he ceases to hold such office or other employment in the Company; or
- 1) he resigns his office by a notice in writing addressed to the Company.

Director may contract 193. (a) with Company

A Director or his relative, firm in which such Director or relative is a partner, or any other partner in such firm or a private company of which the Director is a member or Director, may enter into any contract with the Company for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials or services or for underwriting the subscription of any shares in or debentures of the Company, provided that the sanction of the Board and the previous approval of the Central Government, if and as may be required, shall be obtained in accordance with Section 297 of the Act.

- (b) No sanction shall, however, be necessary for -
 - any purchase of goods and materials from the Company, or the sale of goods or materials to the Company by any such Director, relative, firm, partner or private company as aforesaid for such cash at prevailing market prices; or
 - (ii) any contract or contracts between the Company on, one side and any such Director, relative, firm, partner or private company on the other for sale, purchase or supply of goods, materials and services in which either the Company or the Director, relative, firm, partner or private company, as the case may be regularly trades or does business, where the value of the goods and materials or the cost of such services does not exceed Rs.5,000/- in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contract or contracts.

Provided that in circumstances of urgent necessity, a Director, relative, firm, partner or private company as aforesaid may, without obtaining the consent of the Board, enter into any such contract with the Company for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials or services even if the value of such goods or the cost of such services exceeds Rs.5,000/- in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contract, if the consent of the Board shall be obtained to such contract or contracts at a meeting within three months of the date on which the contract was entered into.

- Disclosure of interest 194. A Director of the Company who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company, shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board in the manner provided in Section 299(2) of the Act;. Provided that it shall not be necessary for Director to disclose his concern or interest in any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into between two companies where any of the Directors of the Company or two or more of them together holds or hold not more than two per cent of the paid-up share capital in any such other company.
- 195. General A General notice given to the Board by the Director, to the effect that he is a director or notice of member of a specified body corporate or is a member of a specified firm and is to be regarded interest as concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be entered into with that body corporate or firm, shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure of concern or interest in relation to any contract or arrangement so made. Any such general notice shall expire at the end of the financial year in which it is given but may be renewed for a further period of one financial year at a time by a fresh notice given in the last month of the financial year in which it would have otherwise expired. No such General notice and no renewal thereof shall be of effect unless, either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director concerned takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board after it is given.
- Interested Directors not 196. No Director shall as a Director, take any part in the discussion of, or vote on any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company, if he is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in such contract or arrangement, nor shall his presence be counted for the purpose of forming a quorum at the time of any such discussion or vote, and if he does vote, his vote shall be void, provided however that nothing herein contained shall apply to :

- (a) any contract of indemnity against any loss which Directors, or any one or more of them, may suffer by reason of becoming or being a surety or sureties for the Company.
- (b) any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into with a Public Company or a Private Company which is a subsidiary of Public Company in which the interest of the Director consist solely in his being :
 - (i) a director of such company, and
 - (ii) the holder of not more than shares of such number or value therein as is requisite to qualify him for appointment as a Director thereof, he having been nominated as such director by the Company.
 - (iii) a member holding not more than 2% of its paid-up share capital.
- 197 The Company shall keep a Register in accordance with Section 301(1) and shall, within the time specified in Section 301(2), enter therein such of the particulars as may be relevant having regard to the application thereto of Section 297 or Section 299 of the Act as the case may be.. The Register aforesaid shall also specify, in relation to each Director of the Company, the names of the bodies corporate and firms of which notice has been given by him under Article 188. The Register shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open to inspection at such office, and extracts may be taken therefrom and copies thereof may be required by any member of the Company to the same extent, in the same manner, and on payment of the same fee as in the case of the Register of Members of the Company and the provisions of Section 163 of the Act shall apply accordingly.
- 198 Directors A Director may be or become a Director of any company promoted by the Company, or in may be Directors of Companies which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder, or otherwise and no such Director shall be accountable for any benefit received as director or shareholder of such company except in so promoted by the far Section 309(6) or Section 314 of the Act may be applicable. Company
- Retirement and rotation 199. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company, one-third of such of the Directors for the of Directors time being as are liable to retire by rotation or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third shall retire from Office of Directors. The non-retiring Directors, Ex-Officio Directors/Nominee Directors and Debentures Directors, if any, shall not be subject to retirement under this clause and shall not be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement or the number of Directors to retire.
 - 200. Subject to provisions of the Act, the Directors to retire by rotation under Article 193 at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between persons who became Directors on the same day, those who are to retire, shall in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.
 - 201. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.
- Company may increase 202. Subject to Section 258 of the Act, the Company, at the General Meeting at which a Director or reduce the number of retires in the manner aforesaid, may fill up the vacated office by electing a person thereto. Directors

Register of Contracts in which Directors are interested

203. (a) If the place of the retiring Director is not so filled up and the Meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the Meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a public holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday, at the same time and place.

- (b) If at the adjourned Meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that Meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned Meeting unless :
 - (i) at the Meeting or at the previous Meeting, resolution for the re- appointment of such Director has been put to the Meeting and lost;
 - (ii) the retiring Director has, by notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board, expressed his unwillingness to be so appointed;
 - (iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
 - (iv) a resolution, whether special or ordinary, is required for the appointment or re-appointment by virtue of any provisions of the Act, or
 - (v) the proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 263 of the Act is applicable to the case.
- 204. Subject to Section 258 of the Act, the Company may, by Ordinary Resolution from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors within the limits fixed in that behalf by these Articles, and may alter their qualifications and the Company may (subject to the provisions of Section 284 of the Act) remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another qualified person in his place. The person so appointed should hold office during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.
- 205. (a) No person not being a retiring Director, shall be eligible for appointment to the office of Director at any General Meeting unless he or some Member intending to propose him has, not less than fourteen days before the Meeting, left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of Director or the intention of such Member to propose him as a candidate for that office.
 - (b) Every person (other than a Director retiring by rotation or otherwise or a person who has left at the office of the Company a notice under Section 257 of the Act signifying his candidature for the office of a Director) proposed as candidate for the office of a Director shall sign and file with the Company the consent in writing to at as a Director, if appointed.
 - (c) A person, other than a Director re-appointed after retirement by rotation or immediately on the expiry of his term of office or an Additional or Alternate Director, or a person filling a casual vacancy in the office of a Director under Section 262 of the Act, appointed as a Director or re-appointed as an Additional or Alternate Director, immediately on the expiry of his term of office, shall not act as a Director of the Company, unless he has within thirty days of his appointment signed and filed with the Registrar his consent in writing to act as such Director.

Register of Directors etc.	206.	(a)	The Company shall keep at its office a Register containing the particulars of its Directors, Manager, Secretary and other persons mentioned in Section 303 of the Act, and shall otherwise comply with the provisions of the said Section in all respects.
		(b)	The Company shall, in respect of each of its Directors, also keep at its office a Register, (as required by sub-section (1) of Section 307 of the Act), and shall otherwise comply with the provisions of the said Section.
Disclosure by Directors of appointment to any other body corporate	207.	(a)	Every Director (including a person deemed to be a Director by virtue of the Explanation to sub-section (1) of Section 303 of the Act), Managing Director, Manager or Secretary of the Company shall, within twenty days of his appointment to any of the above offices to any other body corporate, disclose to the company the particulars relating to his office in the other body corporate which are required to be specified under sub-section (1) of Section 303 of the Act.
		(b)	Every Director and every person deemed to be a Director of the Company by virtue of sub-section (1) of Section 307 of the Act, shall give notice to the Company of such matters relating to himself as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling the Company to comply with the provisions of that Section.
Restriction on	208.	The Ma	anaging Director or Managing Directors shall not exercise the power to :
Management		(a)	make calls on shareholders in respect of money unpaid on the shares in the Company,
		(b)	issue debentures,
			and except to the extent mentioned in the resolution passed at the Board meeting under Section 292 of the Act, shall also not exercise the power to :
		(c)	borrow moneys, other than on debentures,
		(d)	invest the funds of the company and
		(e)	make loans.
Certain persons only to be appointed Managing / Wholetime Directors	209.		ompany shall not appoint or employ, or continue the appointment or employment of a as its Managing or Whole-time Director who -
/ wholetime Directors		(a)	is an undischarged insolvent, or has at any time been adjudged an insolvent.
		(b)	suspends, or has at any time suspended, payment to his creditors, or makes, or has at any time made, a composition with them, or
		(c)	is or has at any time been convicted by a Court of an offence involving moral turptitude.
	210.	by rota	aging Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement tion and if he ceases to hold the office of Director, he shall ipso facto and immediately be a Managing Director.
Proceedings of the Board	of Dire	ctors	
Meeting of Directors	211.	shall so	rectors may meet together as a Board for the dispatch of business from time to time and o meet at least once in every three months and at least four such meetings shall be held in ear. The Directors may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit.
Notice of Directors Meeting	212.		of every meeting of the Board shall be given in writing to every Director whether in or India, and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit.

Quorum of Board Meeting	213	Subject to Section 287 of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of its total strength (excluding Directors, if any, whose places may be vacant at the time and any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two Directors, whichever is higher, provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two- third of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of Directors who are not interested, present at the meeting being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such meeting.
Adjournment of meeting for want of quorum	214	If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of a quorum then, the meeting shall stand adjourned to such other date and time (if any) as may be fixed by the Chairman.
	215.	The Secretary shall, as and when directed by any Director to do so, convene a meeting of the Board by giving a notice in writing to every other Director.
	216	If at any meeting of the Board, the Chairman is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.
Questions at Board meetings how to be decided	217	Questions arising at any meeting of the Board of Director or a committee or sub-committee thereof or in resolution to be passed by circular shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the case of a equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
Powers of Board in Meetings	218.	A meeting of the Board, for the time being at which a quorum is present, shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers, and discretions which by or under the Act or the Articles of the Company are for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.
Directors may appoint Committees	219.	Subject to the restrictions contained in Section 292 of the Act, the Board may delegate any of their powers to one or more Committees of the Board consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee of the Board either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes; but every Committee of the Board so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may, from time to time, be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.
Meeting of Committee how to be governed	220	The meetings and proceedings of any such Committee of the Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.
Resolution by circulation	221.	No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation, unless the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors or all the members of the Committee, then in India (not being less in number than the quorum fixed for a meeting of the Board, or a Committee, as the case may be), and to all other Directors or Members of the Committee at their usual address in India and has been approved by such of the Directors or Members as are then in India, or by a majority of such of them, as are entitled to vote on the resolution.
Acts of Board or Committee valid notwithstanding informal defect in appointment	222.	All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director and had not vacated his office or his appointment had not been terminated; provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated.

Minutes of proceedings 223. of the Board

- (a) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every meeting of the Board and Committee thereof to be kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.
- (b) Each page of every such book shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
- (c) In no case the minutes of proceedings of a meeting shall be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.
- (d) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
- (e) All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.
- (f) The minutes shall also contain -
 - (i) The name of the Directors present at the meeting and
 - (ii) In the case of each resolution passed at the meeting, the name of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution.
- (g) Nothing contained in sub-clause (1) to (6) shall be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting -
 - (i) is, or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person,
 - (ii) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or
 - (iii) is detrimental to the interest of the Company.
- (h) The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or noninclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in this sub-clause.
- (i) Minutes of meetings kept in accordance with the aforesaid provisions shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

- Powers of the Board 224. The Board may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as are not, by the Act, or any other Act or by the Memorandum or by the Articles of the Company required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to these Articles, to the provisions of the Act, or any other Act and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made. Provided that the Board shall not, except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting :-
 - (a) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole, or substantially the whole, of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking of the whole, or substantially the whole, of any such undertaking;
 - (b) remit, or give time for the repayment of, any debt due by a Director,
 - (c) invest otherwise than in trust securities the amount of compensation received by the Company in respect of the compulsory acquisition of any such undertaking as is referred to in clause (a) or of any premises or properties used for any such undertaking and without which it cannot be carried on or can be carried on only with difficulty or only after a considerable time;
 - (d) borrow moneys where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), will exceed the aggregate of the paid-up capital of the Company and its free reserves that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose;

Provided further that the powers specified in Section 292 of the Act shall subject to these Articles be exercised only at meetings of the Board, unless the same be delegated to the extent therein stated; or

- (e) contribute to charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees, any amounts the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, exceed fifty thousand rupees or five per cent of its average net profits as determined in accordance with the provisions of Sections 349 and 350 of the Act during the three financial years immediately preceding whichever is greater.
- Certain powers of the 225. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers, and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding Article, it is hereby declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say, power :
 - (a) To pay the cost, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company;
 - (b) To pay and charge to the capital account of the Company commission or interest lawfully payable thereout under the provisions of Section 76 and 208 of the Act;
 - (c) Subject to Sections 292, 293 and 297 of the Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, right or privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit and in any such purchase or other acquisition, to accept such title as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfied;

- (d) At their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act, to pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in share, bonds, debentures, mortgages, or otherwise securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid-up or with such amount credited as paid-up thereon as may be agreed upon and any such bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged;.
- (e) To secure the fulfillment of any contracts or engagement entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit;
- (f) To accept from any Member, as far as may be permissible by law, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed;
- (g) To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company, in which it is interested, or for any other purpose and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees;
- (h) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due and of any claim or demands by or against the Company and to refer any differences to arbitration and observe and perform any awards made thereon;
- (i) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents.;
- (j) To make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company;
- (k) Subject to the provisions of Sections 292, 295, 370, 372 and 372A of the Act, to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such security (not being shares of this Company), or without security and in such manner as they may think fit, and from time to time vary or realise such investments. Save as provided in Section 49 of the Act, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name;
- (l) To execute, in the name and on behalf of the Company, in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability, whether as principal or surety, for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon;
- (m) To determine, from time to time, who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose;
- (n) To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the Company a share or shares in the profits of the Company and to give to any office or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, and to charge such bonus or commission as part of the working expenses of the Company;

- (o) To provide for the welfare of Directors or ex-Directors or employees or ex- employees of the Company and their wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwelling or chawls, orby grants of moneys, pension, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments, or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing provident and other associations, institutions, funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards place of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit, and to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee any charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or object which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of operation, or of public and general utility or otherwise;
- Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company such (p) sums as they may think proper for depreciation or to depreciation fund, or to an insurance fund, or as Reserve Fund or any special fund to meet contingencies or to repay debentures or debentures stock, or for special dividends or for equalising dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purpose referred to in the preceding clause), as the Board may, in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interest of the Company and subject to Section 292 of the Act, to invest several sums so set aside or so much thereof as required to be invested, upon such investments (other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose of and apply and expend all or any such part thereof for the benefit of the Company, in such a manner and for such purposes as the Board in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interest of the Company notwithstanding that the matters to which the Board apply or upon which they expend the same or any part thereof, may be matters to or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended; and to divide the Reserve Fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit with full power to transfer the whole or any portion of Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund and with full power to employ assets constituting all or any of the above funds, including the depreciation fund, in the business of the Company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture stock, and without being bound to pay interest on the same with power however, to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds interest at such rate as the Board may think proper;
- (q) To appoint and at their discretion, remove or suspend, such general managers, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, clerks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may, from time to time, think fit and to determine their powers and duties, and fix their salaries or emoluments or remuneration, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they may think fit. And also from time to time to provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think and the provisions contained in the four next following sub-clauses shall be without prejudice to the generally conferred by this sub-clause;
- (r) From time to time and at any time to establish any local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any person to be members of such local Boards, and to fix their remuneration;

- (s) Subject to Section 292 of the Act, from time to time and at any time to delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Board, other than their power to make calls or to make loans or borrow money, and to authorise the members for the time being of any such Local Board, or any of them to fill up any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and Board may at any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation;
- (t) At any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under the Seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and subject to the provisions of Section 292 of the Act) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit; and any such appointment may (if the Board think fit) be made in favour of any company, or the shareholders, directors, nominees, or managers of any company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board and such Power of Attorney may contain such Powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such Attorneys as the Board may think fit, and may contain powers enabling any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them;
- (u) Subject to Section 294 and 297 of the Act, for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or, otherwise for the purposes of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient;
- (v) From time to time to make, vary and repeal by laws for the regulations of the business of the Company, its officers and servants;
- (w) To comply with the requirements of any local law which in their opinion it shall, in the interest of the Company, be necessary or expedient to comply with.

Management

- 226. The Company shall not appoint or employ at the same time more than one of the following categories of managerial personnel namely Managing Director or Manager.
- 227. The Directors shall, from time to time, appoint a Secretary and, at their discretion, remove any such Secretary to perform any functions, which by the Act are to be performed by the Secretary and to execute any other ministerial or administrative duties, which may from time to time be assigned to the Secretary by the Directors. The Directors may also appoint at any time any person or persons (who need not be the Secretary) to keep the Registers required to be kept by the Company.

The Seal

- 228. (a) The Board shall provide a Common Seal for the purposes of the Company, and shall have the power, from time to time, to destroy the same and substitute a new Seal in lieu thereof, and the Board shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal for the time being and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given.
 - (b) The Company shall also be at liberty to have an official Seal in accordance with Section 50 of the Act, for use in any territory, district or place outside India.

229. Every Deed or other instrument, to which the Seal of the Company is required to be affixed, shall, unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney, be signed by two Directors or one Director and Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose provided that in respect of the Share Certificate the Seal shall be affixed in accordance with Article 20(a).

Dividends

to earn dividend

- Division of profits and dividends in proportion to amount paid up 230. The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereof created or authorised to be created by these Articles and subject to the provisions of these Articles, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid up or credited as paid up and to the period during the year for which the capital is paid-up on the shares held by them respectively.
- The Company in 231. The Company in general Meeting may declare dividends to be paid to Members according to their respective rights, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board, but the Company in General Meeting may declare a smaller dividend.
- Dividends only to be 232. No dividend shall be declared or paid otherwise by the Company for any financial year out of profits of Section 205 of the Act except after the transfer to the reserves of the Company of such percentage of its profits for the year as may be prescribed or out of the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with these provisions and remaining undistributed or out of both provided that :
 - (a) If the Company has not provided for depreciation for any previous financial year or years, it shall, before declaring or paying a dividend for any financial year, provide for such depreciation out of the profits of the financial year or out of the profits of any other previous financial year or years;
 - (b) If the Company has incurred any loss in any previous financial year or years, the amount of loss or any amount which is equal to the amount provided for depreciation for that year or those years whichever is less, shall be set off against the profits of the Company for the years for which the dividend is provided to be declared or paid or against the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at in both cases after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of Sub-section (2) of Section 205 of the Act or against both.

Provided further that, no dividend shall be declared or paid for any financial year out of the profits of the Company for the year arrived at after providing for depreciation as above, except after the transfer to the reserves of the Company of such percentage of its profits for that year as may be prescribed in accordance with Section 205 of the Act or such higher percentage of its profits as may be allowed in accordance with that Section.

- Interim dividend 233. The Board may, from time to time, pay to the Members such interim dividend as in their judgement the position of the Company justifies.
- Capital paid up in 234. Where Capital is paid in advance of calls, such capital may carry interest but shall not in respect advance at interest not thereof confer a right to dividend or participate in profits.
 - 235. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

- 236. The Board may retain dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under Article 85, entitled to become a Member, or which any person under that Article is entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a Member, in respect of such shares or share duly transfer the same.
- Dividend, etc. to jointholders 237. Any one of several persons who are registered as the joint-holder of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and payments on account of dividends or bonus or other moneys payable in respect of such shares.
- No Member to receive 238. No Member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or dividend in respect of his share or shares, whilst any money be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons, and the Board may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any Member all sums of money so due from him to the Company.
- Transfer of shares must 239. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

Provided, however, that where any instrument of transfer of shares has been delivered to the Company for registration and the transfer of such shares has not been registered, the company shall :

- (a) transfer the dividend in relation to such shares to the special account referred to in Section 205A unless the company is authorised by the registered holder of such shares in writing to pay such dividend to the transferee specified in such instrument of transfer, and
- (b) keep in abeyance in relation to such shares any offer of rights shares under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of Section 81 and any issue of fully paid up bonus shares in pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 205.
- Unclaimed dividend 240. Any dividend which has not been claimed or the warrant in respect whereof has not been encashed within the period prescribed under Section 205A of the Act, shall be deposited in a special account as provided for in the said section 205A of the Act and the whole of the amount envisaged in clause (a) to (e) of sub-section (2) of section 205C of the Companies Act, 1956 remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date they become payable by a company have been credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as per Section 205C of the Act and subject to any amendments that may be made thereto from time to time. There shall be no forfeiture of unclaimed dividends before the claim becomes barred by law.
- No interest on dividend 241. No unpaid dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

Dividend and call 242. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may, on the recommendation of the Directors, make a call on the Members of such amount as the meeting fixes but so that the call on each Member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the Member, be set off against the calls.

Capitalization 243	. (a)	The Company, in General Meeting, may resolve that any moneys, investments or other assets forming part of the undivided profits of the Company standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund, or any Capital Redemption Reserve Account, or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend for representing premium received on the issue of shares and standing to the credit of the Share Premium Account be capitalised and distributed amongst such of the shareholders as would be entitled to receive the same, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that all or any part of such capitalised fund be applied on behalf of such shareholders in paying up in full either at par of at such premium as the resolution may provide, any unissued shares or debentures or debenture stock of the Company which shall be distributed accordingly or in or towards payment of the uncalled liability on any issued shares of debentures or debentures stock and that such distribution or payment shall be accepted by such shareholders in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum, provided that a Share Premium Account and a Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, for the purposes of this Article only be applied in the paying of any unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
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- (b) A General Meeting may resolve that any surplus moneys arising from the realisation of any capital assets of the Company, or in investments representing the same, or any other undistributed profit of the Company not subject to charge for income tax be distributed among the members on the footing that they receive the same as capital.
- For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under the preceding paragraphs of (c) this Article the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution as it thinks expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets, and may determine that such cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed or that fraction of less value than Rs.10/- may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalised fund as may seem expedient to the Board. Where requisite a proper contract shall be delivered to the Registrar for registration in accordance with Section 75 of the Companies Act, 1956, and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalised fund, and such appointment shall be effective.

Accounts

Directors to keep true accounts

- The Company shall keep at the office or at such other place in India as the Board thinks fit 244. proper Books of Account in accordance with Section 209 of the Act with respect to :
 - (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipts and expenditure take place;
 - (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company.
 - the assets and liabilities of the Company. (c)
 - 245. Where the Board decides to keep all or any of the Books of Accounts at any place other than the office of the Company, the Company shall within seven days of the decision file with the Registrar a notice in writing giving the full address of that other place.

	246.	Where the Company has a branch office, whether in or outside India, the Company shall be deemed to have complied with this Article if proper Books of account relating to the transactions effected at the branch office are kept at the branch office and proper summarised returns, made up to date at intervals of not more than three months, are sent by the branch office to the Company at its office or other place in India, at which the Company's Books of Accounts are kept as aforesaid.
	247.	The Books of Account shall given a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company or branch office, as the case may be, and explain its transactions. The books of Account and other books and papers shall be open to inspection by any Director during business hours.
As to inspection of accounts or books by Members	248.	The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of Members not being Directors, and no members (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or books or documents of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board.
Statement of accounts to be furnished to General Meeting	249.	The Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with Section 210, 211, 212, 215, 216 and 217 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such Balance Sheets, Profits and Loss Accounts and Reports as are required by these sections.
	250.	The Directors shall, if they consider it to be necessary and in the interest of the Company, be entitled to amend the Audited Accounts of the Company of any financial year which have been laid before the Company in General Meeting. The amendments to the Accounts effected by the Directors in pursuance of this Article shall be placed before the Members in General Meeting for their consideration and approval.
Copies shall be sent to members and others	251.	Subject to the provisions of Section 219 of the Act, a copy of every such profit and loss account and balance sheet (including the Auditors report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached to the balance sheet) shall at least 21 days before the meeting at which the same are to be laid before the members, be sent to the members of the company, to every trustee for the holders of any debentures issued by the company, whether such member, or trustee is or is not entitled to have notices of general meetings of the Company sent to him, and to all persons other than such members or trustees, being persons so entitled.
Audit		
Accounts to be audited	252.	Auditors shall be appointed and their rights and duties regulated in accordance with Section 224 to 233 of the Act.
Documents and Notice		
Manner or service of documents or notice on Members by Company	253.	A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on any Member either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address or (if he has no registered address in India) to the address, if any, in India supplied by him to the Company for serving documents or notices on him.
When notices of documents served on Members	254.	Where a document or notice is sent by post, service of the document or notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, preparing and posting a letter containing the document or notice, provided, that where a Member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents or notices should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgment due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of doing so, service of the document or notice shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member and such service shall be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the case of a Notice of a meeting at the expiration of forty eight hours (48) after the letter containing the document or notice is posted and in any other cases, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

By Advertisement	255.	A document or notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the office shall be deemed to be duly served or sent on the day on which the advertisement appears on to every member who has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for the serving of documents on or the sending of notices to him.
On Joint Holders	256.	A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to the joint-holders of a share by serving or giving the document or notice on or to the joint-holder named first in the Register of Members in respect of the share.
On personal representatives, etc.	257.	A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through the post in prepaid letter addressed to them by name or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or assignee of the purpose by the persons claiming to be entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by serving the document or notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or insolvency had not occurred.
To whom documents or notices must be given	258.	Documents or notices of every General Meeting shall be served or given in same manner hereinbefore authorised on or to (a) every Member, (b) every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member, and (c) the Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the Company.
Members bounds or documents or notices served on or given to previous holders	259.	Every person who, by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every document or notice in respect of such share, which previously to his name and address being entered on the Register of Members, shall have been duly served on or given to the person from whom he derives his title to such shares.
Service of document or notice by Members	260.	All documents or notices to be served or given by members on or to the Company or any Officer thereof shall be served or given by sending it to the Company or Officer at the Office by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post, or by leaving it at the office.
Documents or notice by Company and signature thereto	261.	Any documents or notice to be served or given by the Company may be signed by a Director or some person duly authorised by the Board of Directors for such purpose and the signature thereto may be written, printed or lithographed.
Winding-up		
Liquidator may divide assets in specie	262.	The Liquidator on any winding-up (whether voluntary, under supervision or compulsory) may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, but subject to the rights attached to any preference share capital, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company and may with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit.
Indemnity and Responsib	oility	
Indemnity	263.	Subject to Section 201 of the Act, every Director, Officer or Agent for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which independent is given in his

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Section 633 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under

Secrecy Clause

Secrecy Clause	264.	(a)	Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, member of a committee, officer, servant, agent, accountant, or other person employed in the business of the Company shall, if so required by the Board, before entering upon his duties sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions and affairs of the Company with the customers and the state of the accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by law or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.
		(b)	No member shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the Directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any details of the Company's trading, or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, secret process of any other matter, which may relate to the conduct of the business of opinion of Directors, it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.
General Approval	265	privileg Compar authoris such tra	ver in the Companies Act, it has been provided that the Company shall have right, e or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the ny is so authorised by its articles, then and in that case this regulation hereto es and empowers the Company to have such rights, privilege or authority and to carry ansactions as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific on in that behalf herein provided."

	No. of equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature of Subscriber	Signature of Witness his name, address, description and Occupation
Mr. Rajaram H. Hede Vo Mr. Hari Govinda Hede La Marvel, Dona Paula, Panaji Goa. Industrialist.	10 (Ten Equity Shares)	Sd/-	
Mr. Mahadev M. Sar Desai S/o Mr. Malbarao V. G. Keny's House Service.	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	ę
Mr. Shymsundar S. Thanekar S/o Mr. Santy A. Thanekar Volant, Betim, Goa. Service	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	to all :- /- r Bapu Parab ibers, Panaji, G
Mr. Vernon R. Coutinho S/o Mr. Xavier R. S. Coutinho Kashinath Apartments, Khorlim, Mapusa, Goa Service	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	Witness to all :- Sd / - Mr. Vijey Shankar Parab S/o Mr. Shankar Bapu Parab Shabana Chambers, Panaji, Company Secretary
Mr. Suhas B. Kesarkar S/o Mr. Bhanudas V. Kesarkar Piedade-e-Goa, Divadi, Goa. Service	5 (Five Equity Shares)	Sd/-	ζ. L
Dr. Prafulla R. Hode S/o Mr. Rajaram H. Hede La Marvel, Dona Paula, Panaji, Goa. Industrialist.	10 (Ten Equit) Shares)	, Sd/-	
Mr. Malpa M. Nagvenkar S/o Mr. Mangueah M. Nagvenkar Pequeno Morod, Saligao, Goa Service.	r (Five Equit Shares)	y Sd/-	
TOTAL	45 (Forty Five Equity Shares)	5	

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed below are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively, agree to take the number of shares in the capital of Company set opposite to our respective names.

Date : 8th February, 1993 Place : Panaji, Gos

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